Spectrum Master™ Handheld Spectrum Analyzer

MS2711E, 9 kHz to 3 GHz

Appendix A provides a list of supplemental documentation for the Spectrum Master features and options. The documentation set is available as PDF files on the Anritsu website.



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Chapter 1 — General Information

1-1 Introduction

The Spectrum Master MS2711E User Guide is part of a set of manuals that cover all of the instrument functions and their use. This manual covers the instrument overview, system functions, and other common features, along with a brief guide to basic measurement concepts and setups. Most instrument operations and modes are covered in specific measurement guides as listed below.

Document Part Number	Description (Required Option)
10100-00065	Important Product Information, Compliance and Safety Notices
10580-00349	Spectrum Analyzer Measurement Guide Spectrum Analyzer PIM Hunting Preamplifier (Option 8) Interference Analyzer (Option 25) Channel Scanner (Option 27) EMF Measurements (Option 444) AM/FM/PM Analyzer (Option 509)
10580-00240	Power Meter Measurement Guide High-Accuracy Power Meter (Option 19) Power Meter (Option 29)
11410-00597	Spectrum Master Technical Data Sheet Performance Specifications
10580-00339	E-Series Tracking Generator Measurement Guide Tracking Generator (Option 20)
10580-00256	Spectrum Master Programming Manual SCPI Programming Instruction
10580-00254	Spectrum Master Maintenance Manual Maintenance Manual
10580-00455	EMF Measurement Guide (Option 444)

Additional Documentation

1-2 Contacting Anritsu

To contact Anritsu, follow the link www.anritsu.com/contact-us and select the services in your region.

1-3 Product Information, Compliance, and Safety

Read the Handheld Instruments Product Information, Compliance, and Safety Guide (PN: 10100-00065) for important safety, legal, and regulatory notices before operating the equipment. For additional information and literature on your product, visit the product page of your instrument and select the Library tab:

http://www.anritsu.com/en-US/test-measurement/products/ms2711e

1-4 Instrument Description

The Spectrum Master MS2711E is an integrated multi-functional test instrument that eliminates the need to carry and learn multiple test sets. The Spectrum Master can be configured to include: spectrum analyzer, interference analyzer with interference mapping capabilities, tracking generator, channel scanner, power meter, high accuracy power meter, and an AM/FM/PM analyzer. A GPS receiver can be added to the MS2711E Spectrum Master model.

The bright 8.4 inch TFT color display provides easy viewing in a variety of lighting conditions. The MS2711E model is equipped with a Li-Ion battery delivering more than three hours of battery life. The combination of a touch screen and keypad enables users to navigate menus with the touch screen and enter numbers with the keypad.

The internal memory is large enough to store approximately 2,000 traces or setups. Measurements and setups can also be stored in a USB flash drive or transferred to a PC using the included USB cable.

Not all USB drives are compatible with the instrument. Many drives come with a second partition that contains proprietary firmware. This partition must be removed. Only one partition is allowed. Refer to the individual manufacturer for instructions on how to remove it. Some drives can be made to work by reformatting them using the FAT32 format.

Available Options

Available options for the Spectrum Master MS2711E model is shown in Table 1-1.

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s External Power Sensor)

Option Number	Description	
MS2711E-0509	AM/FM/PM Analyzer	
MS2711E-0098	Standard Calibration (ANSI 2540-1-1994)	
MS2711E-0099	Premium Calibration to Z540 plus test data	
MS2711E-0444	EMF Measurement (Requires Anritsu Isotropic Antenna)	

Table 1-1. Available Options (Sheet 2 of 2)

1. Requires Option 31.

1-5 Instrument Care and Preventive Maintenance

Site Master care and preventive maintenance consists of cleaning the unit and inspecting and cleaning the RF connectors on the instrument and all accessories. Clean the Site Master with a soft, lint-free cloth dampened with water or water and a mild cleaning solution.

Caution To avoid damaging the display or case, do not use solvents or abrasive cleaners.

Connector Care

Clean the RF connectors and center pins with a cotton swab dampened with denatured alcohol. Visually inspect the connectors. The fingers of the N(f) connectors and the pins of the N(m) connectors should be unbroken and uniform in appearance. If you are unsure whether the connectors are undamaged, gauge the connectors to confirm that the dimensions are correct. Visually inspect the test port cable(s). The test port cable should be uniform in appearance, and not stretched, kinked, dented, or broken.

To prevent damage to your instrument, do not use pliers or a plain wrench to tighten the Type-N connectors. The recommended torque is 12 lbf \cdot in to 15 lbf \cdot in (1.36 N \cdot m to 1.70 N \cdot m). Inadequate torque settings can affect measurement accuracy. Over-tightening connectors can damage the cable, the connector, the instrument, or all of these items.

Visually inspect connectors for general wear, cleanliness, and for damage such as bent pins or connector rings. Repair or replace damaged connectors immediately. Dirty connectors can limit the accuracy of your measurements. Damaged connectors can harm the instrument. Connection of cables carrying an electrostatic potential, excess power, or excess voltage can damage the connector, the instrument, or both.

Connecting Procedure

- **1.** Carefully align the connectors. The male connector center pin must slip concentrically into the contact fingers of the female connector.
- 2. Push connectors straight together. Do not twist or screw them together. A slight resistance can usually be felt as the center conductors mate.
- **3.** To tighten, turn the connector nut, not the connector body. Major damage can occur to the center conductor and to the outer conductor if the connector body is twisted.
- 4. If you use a torque wrench, initially tighten by hand so that approximately 1/8 turn or 45 degrees of rotation remains for the final tightening with the torque wrench.

Relieve any side pressure on the connection (such as from long or heavy cables) in order to assure consistent torque. Use an open-end wrench to keep the connector body from turning while tightening with the torque wrench.

Do not over-torque the connector.

Disconnecting Procedure

- **1.** If a wrench is needed, use an open-end wrench to keep the connector body from turning while loosening with a second wrench.
- 2. Complete the disconnection by hand, turning only the connector nut.
- 3. Pull the connectors straight apart without twisting or bending.

ESD Caution

The Spectrum Master, like other high performance instruments, is susceptible to electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage. Coaxial cables and antennas often build up a static charge, which (if allowed to discharge by connecting directly to the Spectrum Master without discharging the static charge) may damage the Spectrum Master input circuitry. Spectrum Master operators must be aware of the potential for ESD damage and take all necessary precautions.

Operators should exercise practices outlined within industry standards such as JEDEC-625 (EIA-625), MIL-HDBK-263, and MIL-STD-1686, which pertain to ESD and ESDS devices, equipment, and practices. Because these apply to the Spectrum Master, it is recommended that any static charges that may be present be dissipated before connecting coaxial cables or antennas to the Spectrum Master. This may be as simple as temporarily attaching a short or load device to the cable or antenna prior to attaching to the Spectrum Master. It is important to remember that the operator may also carry a static charge that can cause damage. Following the practices outlined in the above standards will ensure a safe environment for both personnel and equipment.

RF Input Warning

The Anritsu Spectrum Master is a sensitive measuring instrument designed to measure low power levels. Avoid damaging this sensitive circuitry by observing the maximum input levels printed on the instrument connector labeling and specified in the product technical data sheet.

Typical maximum input is +33 dBm (±50 VDC) and could be less if additional features, such as a preamplifier, are in use. Be sure to review the product technical data sheet or Anritsu website for recommended components and accessories that can help you protect your instrument. These include a variety of adapters, attenuators, filters, and RF detection accessories.

Battery Replacement

The battery can be replaced without the use of tools. The battery compartment is located on the lower left side of the instrument (when you are facing the measurement display). To remove the battery:

- 1. Slide the catch toward the bottom of the instrument.
- 2. Pull the top of the door away from the unit.
- **3.** Lift out the battery door.
- 4. Remove the battery pack from the instrument by grabbing the battery lanyard and pulling out.

Replacement is the opposite of removal. The battery key side (slot below the contacts) should be facing the front of the unit and slide in first.

Note When inserting the battery, the battery label should face the back of the instrument and the guide slot on the battery should be below the contacts. If the battery door does not latch closed, the battery may be inserted incorrectly.



Figure 1-1. Battery Compartment Door

The battery that is supplied with the Spectrum Master may need charging before use. The battery can be charged while it is installed in the Spectrum Master by using either the AC-DC Adapter or the DC adapter, or outside the Spectrum Master with the optional Dual Battery Charger. Refer to "Symbols and Indicators" on page 2-8 for a description of battery symbols.

 Note
 Use only Anritsu Company approved batteries, adapters, and chargers with this instrument. Anritsu Company recommends removing the battery for long-term storage of the instrument.

Caution When using the Automotive Cigarette Lighter Adapter, always verify that the supply is rated for a minimum of 60 Watts @ 12 VDC, and that the socket is clear of any dirt or debris. If the adapter plug becomes hot to the touch during operation, discontinue use immediately.

1-6 Calibration and Verification

Anritsu recommends an annual calibration and performance verification of the Spectrum Master by a local Anritsu service center. The Spectrum Master is self-calibrating and there are no field-adjustable components. Contact information for Anritsu Service Centers is available at http://www.anritsu.com/contact-us.

1-7 Secure Environment Workplace

This section details the types of memory in the Spectrum Master, how to delete stored user files in internal memory, and recommended usage in a secure environment workplace.

Spectrum Master Memory Types: The instrument contains non-volatile disk-on-a-chip memory, EEPROM, and volatile DRAM memory. The instrument is also supplied with an external USB flash drive. The instrument does not have a hard disk drive or any other type of volatile or non-volatile memory.

Disk-On-A-Chip (DOC): DOC is used for storage of instrument firmware, factory calibration information, user measurements, setups, and .jpg screen images. User information stored on the DOC is erased by the master reset process described below.

EEPROM: This memory stores the model number, serial number, and calibration data for the instrument. Also stored here are the user-set operating parameters such as frequency range. During the master reset process all operating parameter stored in the EEPROM are set to standard factory default values.

RAM Memory: This is volatile memory used to store parameters needed for the normal operation of the instrument along with current measurements. This memory is reset whenever the instrument is restarted.

External USB Flash Drive (not included with the instrument): This memory may be selected as the destination for saved measurements and setups for the instrument. The user can also copy the contents of the internal disk-on-chip memory to the external flash memory for storage or data transfer. The external Flash USB can be reformatted or sanitized using software on a PC.

Refer to the Chapter 4, "File Management" for additional information on saving and copying files to the USB flash drive.

Erase All User Files in Internal Memory

Perform a Master Reset:

- **1.** Turn the instrument on.
- 2. Press the **Shift** button then the **System** (8) button.
- 3. Press the System Options submenu key.
- 4. Press the Reset key, then the Master Reset key.
- **5.** A dialog box will be displayed on the screen warning that all settings will be returned to factory default values and all user files will be deleted. This deletion is a standard file delete and does not involve overwriting exiting information.
- 6. Press the **ENTER** button to complete the master reset.
- 7. The instrument will reboot and the reset is complete.

Recommended Usage in a Secure Environment

Set the Spectrum Master to save files to the external USB Flash drive:

- 1. Attach the external Flash drive and turn the instrument on.
- 2. Press the **Shift** button then the **File** (7) button.
- 3. Press the Save submenu key.
- 4. Press the Change Save Location submenu key, then select the USB drive with the rotary knob, **Up/Down** arrow keys, or the touchscreen.
- 5. Press the Set Location submenu key.

The external USB drive is now the default location for saving files.

Not all USB drives are compatible with the instrument. Many drives come with a second partition that contains proprietary firmware. This partition must be removed. Only one partition is allowed. Refer to the individual manufacturer for instructions on how to remove it. Some drives can be made to work by reformatting them using the FAT32 format.

Chapter 2 — Instrument Overview

2-1 Introduction

This chapter provides an overview of the Anritsu Spectrum Master. It describes the instrument front panel, touch screen display, and the connector panel. For detailed information on the instrument's test and measurement functions, refer to one of the Anritsu user documents listed in Appendix A, "Measurement Guides".

2-2 Turning On the Spectrum Master

The Anritsu Spectrum Master is capable of approximately three hours of continuous operation from a fully charged, field-replaceable battery (refer to "Battery Replacement" on page 1-5). The Spectrum Master can also be operated from a 12 VDC source (which will simultaneously charge the battery). This can be achieved with either the Anritsu AC-DC Adapter or the Automotive Power Adapter. Both items are included as standard accessories with the Spectrum Master. Refer to the instrument Technical Data Sheet.

Caution When using the Automotive Power Adapter, always verify that the supply is rated for a minimum of 60 Watts @ 12 VDC, and that the socket is clear of any dirt or debris. If the adapter plug becomes hot to the touch during operation, discontinue use immediately.

To turn on the Spectrum Master, press the green On/Off button on the front panel (see Figure 2-1 on page 2-2).

The Spectrum Master takes approximately 60 seconds to complete power-up and to load the application software. At the completion of this process, the instrument is ready for use.

Note Keep the fan inlet and exhaust ports clear of obstructions at all times for proper ventilation and cooling of the instrument.

2-3 Instrument Front Panel

The Spectrum Master uses a touch screen and keypad for data input. See Figure 2-1. The five bottom menu keys and up to eight submenu keys on the right side of the display are touch screen keys. The menu and submenu keys vary depending on the current measurement mode, installed options, and instrument function selected.

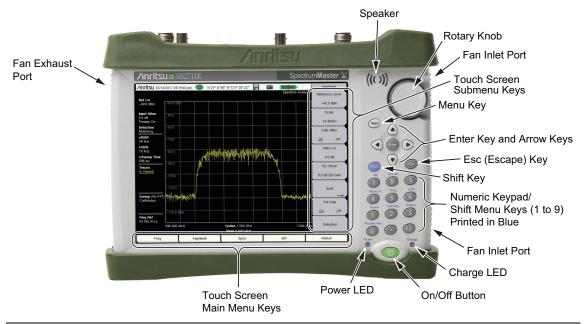


Figure 2-1. Spectrum Master Front Panel and Interface Screen

LED Indicators

Power LED

The Power LED is located on the left of the **On/Off** button. The LED is solid green when the instrument is on, and blinks slowly when the unit is off but is connected to an external power source.

Charge LED

The Charge LED is located on the right of the **On/Off** button. The LED blinks slowly when the battery is charging and is solid green when the battery is fully charged.

Front Panel Keys

The numeric keypad, rotary knob, and the four arrow keys can all be used to change the value of the currently selected parameter.

Numeric Keypad

Keys 0 through 9 are used for numeric input, with an alternate function printed in blue above each of the keys. Press the **Shift** key, then a numeric key, to access the instrument menu or function indicated by the key label.

Some of the alternate functions associated with the numeric keypad are not available in all measurement modes. Refer to the Measurement Guides listed in Appendix A.

Shift Key

Pressing the **Shift** key followed by a number key executes the function that is indicated in blue above the number key. When the **Shift** key is active, its icon is displayed at the far right of the title bar, above the sweep window.

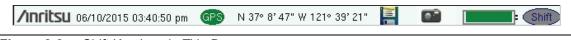


Figure 2-2. Shift Key Icon in Title Bar

Esc Key

Press this key to cancel the parameter change being made and exit the current menu function, if applicable.

Arrow Keys

The four arrow keys are used to scroll through a list and highlight the item you wish to select, or to change the value of the currently selected parameter. The arrow keys can also be used to move markers. The rotary knob performs similar functions.

Enter Key

Press this key to apply a parameter value or instrument setting you have entered, or to select a highlighted item from a list.

Rotary Knob

Turn the rotary knob to change numerical values, scroll through selectable items in a list, or to move markers. Values or items may be within a dialog box or an edit window.

Menu Key

The **Menu** key displays a grid of shortcut icons for installed measurement modes and user-selected menus and setup files. See Figure 2-3. Press one of the icons in the top three rows to switch to the corresponding application. These icons are system-generated and cannot be moved or deleted.

An alternative to the **Menu** key is to press **Shift**, then the **Mode** (9) key to display the Mode Selector list box. Refer to "Mode Selector" on page 2-14.



Figure 2-3. Menu Key Screen

NoteShortcut icons displayed in the top rows of the Menu screen vary with the
instrument model, firmware version, and installed options. Help for the Menu
screen is available by pressing the icon in the lower-right corner of the display.

User-Created Shortcuts

To create a shortcut to any submenu key or main menu key, press and hold the key until a grid appears, showing the open locations on the Menu screen where you can place the new shortcut. Press one of the cells in the displayed grid to place the shortcut. See Figure 2-4.



Figure 2-4. Placement Grid for User-Created Shortcuts

To create a shortcut to a setup file (.stp), press **Recall** under the File menu, then press and hold the desired file name until a grid is displayed. Select the display location of the new shortcut as described above.

User-defined shortcuts remain on the Menu screen until deleted. To delete or move a shortcut icon, press the **Menu** key, then press and hold the shortcut until the Customize Button dialog appears. See Figure 2-5. Press the appropriate button to delete or move the shortcut icon.

Delete Selected Icon Switch Icon Location	Customize Button		
	Delete Selected Icon	Switch Icon Location	

Figure 2-5. Customize Button Dialog

Press **Esc** to close the dialog without deleting or moving the shortcut. Also use **Esc** to exit the Menu screen.

2-4 Interface Screen

Figure 2-6 illustrates the Spectrum Master interface screen in Spectrum Analyzer mode, with touch screen menu keys, title bar, and measurement settings and results around the graph area, or sweep window.

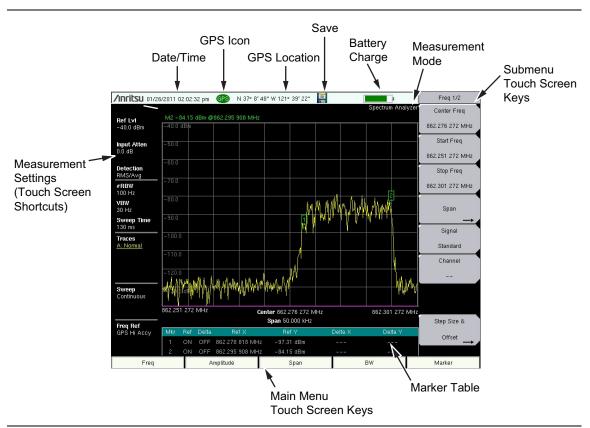


Figure 2-6. Spectrum Analyzer Display

NoteMany of the measurement settings displayed to the left and the top of the sweepNotewindow are actually touch screen shortcuts that you can press to bring up the
corresponding menu.

Touch Screen Keys

Main Menu Touch Screen Keys

There are five main menu keys horizontally arranged along the bottom of the interface screen. These keys give access to the instrument's test and measurement functions, which are documented in the applicable Measurement Guide. Refer to Appendix A, "Measurement Guides".

Different operation or measurement modes may display different main menu keys. To switch to another mode, press the **Menu** key, or press **Shift** followed by the **Mode** (9) key.

Note The installed options determine what measurement modes are available. Refer to Table 1-1 on page 1-2.

Submenu Touch Screen Keys

Most of the instrument setup, control, and measurement functions are performed through the use of the submenu keys along the right side of the display. The key labels change as measurement settings and instrument setup parameters change. The current submenu title is displayed at the top of the submenu key block, which consists of up to eight touch screen keys. See Figure 2-6 on page 2-6.

Symbols and Icons on the Title Bar

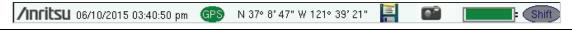


Figure 2-7. Title Bar with Icons

The instrument title bar displays the system date and time. When GPS is on and is tracking satellites, its icon is followed by latitude and longitude coordinates.

Press the storage icon to open the touch screen keyboard for saving measurements, setups, limit lines, or screen display JPEG files. This shortcut to the "Save Menu" on page 4-10 is equivalent to pressing **Shift** and **File (7)**, then **Save**. Refer to "Save Dialog Box" on page 4-3.

Press the camera icon to save a JPEG image of the current screen display.

The battery symbol indicates the charge remaining in the battery. The colored section inside the symbol changes size and color with the charge level. See Table 2-1 on page 2-8. The Battery Charge LED (adjacent to the On/Off button) flashes when the battery is charging, and remains on steady when the battery is fully charged.

Caution Use only Anritsu-approved batteries, adapters, and chargers with this instrument. Anritsu Company recommends removing the battery for long-term storage of the instrument.

The **Shift** icon is displayed after the **Shift** key is pressed, and it remains displayed until another button is pressed.

Symbols and Indicators

The following symbols, icons, and indicators convey the instrument status or condition on the display. The colors shown here are in the standard or default display mode.

Table 2-1. Symbols and Icons

Symbol	Description
=	Green: Battery is 30% to 100% charged.
	Yellow: Battery is 10% to 30% charged.
:	Red: Battery is 0% to 10% charged.
	Green with Black Plug body: Battery is fully charged and external power is applied.
=	Lightning Bolt: Battery is being charged (any color symbol).
+	Red Plug body: External power is applied, and no battery is installed, or battery has lost communications with the instrument.
	Storage Icon: Tap the floppy disk icon to display the Save screen and menu.
	Camera Icon: Saves a JPEG image of the current screen display.
Shift	Shift Key Icon: This icon is displayed between the battery symbol and the submenu keys after the Shift key has been pressed, and until another key is pressed.
GPS GPS	GPS Icon: This icon is displayed right after the date and time when GPS is available. Refer to Chapter 6, "GPS (Option 31)" for details.
Power Charge	Power Button with Power LED and Charge LED: This is a physical button with LED indicators. It is located near the numeric keypad.

Display Settings

The Display Settings submenu lets you adjust the screen brightness level and control the auto-dimming function. Refer to "Brightness Settings Menu" on page 5-8.

You can also turn off the display entirely, as described in "Display Settings Menu" on page 5-7. To turn the display back on, press any key (except the Power button) three times in rapid succession.

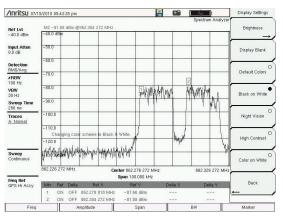
In addition to the default display colors shown in Figure 2-6 on page 2-6, you can select different color schemes to suit the ambient lighting conditions. See Figure 2-8. Some color settings may not be available in all measurement modes.

Black on White — used for printing and viewing in broad daylight conditions

Night Vision — optimized for nighttime viewing

High Contrast — used in challenging viewing conditions

Color on White — used for printing and viewing in broad daylight conditions









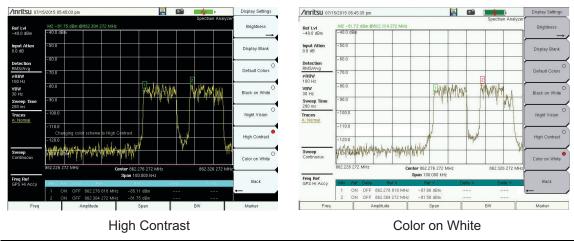


Figure 2-8. Spectrum Master Display Color Settings

Touch Screen Calibration

Calibration optimizes the response of touch input. It is recommended if the instrument does not respond as expected when you press the touch screen.

The Calibrate Touch Screen submenu key is in the "System Menu" on page 5-3. When pressed, a message box is displayed with instructions for calibration. See Figure 2-9. Press **Enter** to begin calibration, or press **Esc** to cancel. Alternatively, you can press **1** while the message box is displayed to use the arrow keys for navigation. Refer to "Disable Touch Screen to Use Arrow Navigation".



Figure 2-9. Touch Screen Calibration Message Box

During calibration, press the crosshairs in sequence as they appear on the screen. The process takes less than one minute.

Calibrate Touch Screen Shortcut

Another way to access touch screen calibration is to press **Shift**, then **0** (zero). This displays the touch screen calibration message box shown in Figure 2-9. The shortcut can be used if your touch inputs do not correspond to the appropriate locations on the screen to such an extent that you cannot access the Calibrate Touch Screen submenu key.

Disable Touch Screen to Use Arrow Navigation

If the touch screen is not functioning, you can use Arrow Navigation to simulate pressing the touch screen main menu keys and submenu keys. From the touch screen calibration message box (see Figure 2-9), press 1 to display the arrow navigation message box, illustrated in Figure 2-10. Press 1 again to enter the arrow navigation mode, or press **Esc** to cancel.



Figure 2-10. Arrow Navigation Message Box

In arrow navigation mode, a red border highlights the currently selected key (see Figure 2-11 on page 2-11). Use the arrow keys to move the red selection box, then press the **Menu** key to activate the highlighted key. Only the main menu keys and submenu keys can be activated using Arrow Navigation. This feature does not move the red selection box into other areas of the touch screen, like the display title bar, sweep window, or the instrument settings area on the left.

To save a measurement in arrow navigation mode, press **Shift** then **File** (7). Use the arrow keys to move the red selection box to the **Save Measurement As** submenu key. This submenu key must be used because the arrow navigation mode cannot be used to change data in popup windows in the measurement display. File names are determined by the current setting of the **Save Measurement As** submenu key. Refer to "Save Measurement As" on page 4-9.

You can save a JPEG image of the current display screen by pressing **Shift**, followed by **Decimal**, then **+/-**. The JEPG image shows screen data, but does not contain the additional measurement information that accompanies a saved measurement in a *****.spa measurement file.

To return to normal touch entry mode, reboot the instrument (turn power Off, then On). If your touch screen has been damaged, refer to "Contacting Anritsu" on page 1-1.

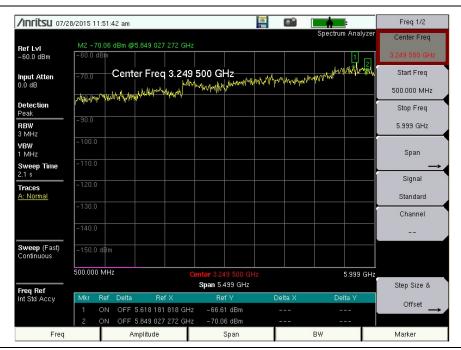


Figure 2-11. Arrow Navigation Example

2-5 Data Entry

User input can be in the form of numeric values for instrument or measurement settings, selected values from a preset list, or alphanumeric text when entering file names, for example. To view or change a parameter value, access the appropriate submenu by pressing one of the five main menu keys along the bottom of the interface screen, then navigating through the touch screen submenus.

Other instrument functions are accessible from the numeric keypad, when used in combination with the **Shift** key. Refer to "Numeric Keypad" on page 2-3. Some of the parameter settings displayed on the left of the interface screen or under the title bar are touch screen shortcuts to related submenus.

Depending on the measurement mode, refer to the associated Measurement Guide listed in Appendix A for a description of available menus and submenus.

Numeric Values

To modify a numeric parameter setting that is displayed on a submenu touch screen key, press the key to make it active. The display color of the currently set value changes to red. Use the rotary knob, arrow keys, or the numeric keypad to change the value. When entering a value from the keypad, the submenu typically shows the selectable units. Press the desired unit or press **Enter** to complete the entry.

Selection Lists

Some parameters and instrument functions are selectable from a pop-up list. These list boxes display the available selections, and value limits if applicable. Use the arrow keys or the rotary knob to scroll through the list and highlight the desired entry. You can also use the touch screen to make your selection.

To apply the selection, press **Enter**. To exit the selection list without making a change, press the Escape (**Esc**) key.

Text Entry

When an instrument function requires you to enter text, such as a name for a measurement or setup file you wish to save, a touch screen keyboard is displayed. See Figure 2-12. Digits can be entered using the touch screen keyboard or the front panel keypad. The left and right arrow keys move the insertion point in the file name edit box.

Refer to "Save Dialog Box" on page 4-3 for information on saving files.

Save
Location: /Internal Memory
Filename: FileName
Filetype: Measurement Free Space: 1.5 GB
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 - = <
qwertyu i op
Caps a s d f g h j k I Enter
l@# z x c v b n m
Space
Quick Name 1 Quick Name 2 Quick Name 3 Quick Name 4 Quick Name 5

Figure 2-12. Touch Screen Keyboard

2-6 Mode Selector

To change to another operation or measurement mode, press **Shift**, then the **Mode (9)** key to display the Mode Selector list box, illustrated in Figure 2-13. Use the directional arrow keys or the rotary knob to highlight the desired mode, then press **Enter** to switch to the selected application. The measurement modes available for selection depend on the options that are installed and activated on your instrument.

An alternate method of selecting a measurement mode is through the use of the "Menu Key" on page 2-4.

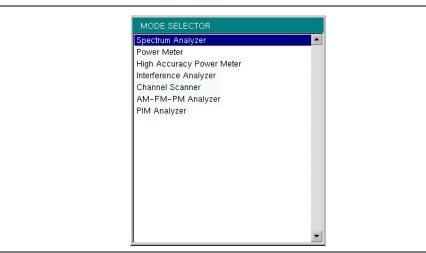


Figure 2-13. Mode Selector List Box

2-7 Connector Panel

The Spectrum Master connector panel is illustrated in Figure 2-14.

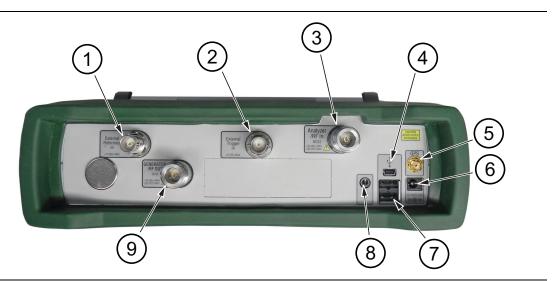


Figure 2-14. Spectrum Master Connector Panel
--

1.	External Reference In
2.	External Trigger In
3.	Analyzer/RF In (Type N)
4.	USB Mini-B
5.	GPS Type SMA (Option 31)
6.	External Power
7.	USB Type A
8.	Headset jack
9.	Generator/RF Out Type N (Option 20)

External Reference In

The External Reference In port is a 50 Ω BNC female connector that provides for input of an external frequency reference. Refer to your Technical Data Sheet for valid frequencies. To prevent damage to your instrument, do not use pliers or a wrench to tighten the BNC connector.

External Trigger In

A TTL signal that is applied to the External Trigger female BNC input connector causes a single sweep to occur. In the Spectrum Analyzer mode, it is used in zero span, and triggering occurs on the rising edge of the signal. After the sweep is complete, the resultant trace is displayed until the next trigger signal arrives.

Analyzer/RF In

This is a 50 Ω Type-N female connector. The maximum input is +33 dBm at ±50 VDC.

USB Interface – Mini-B

The USB 2.0 Mini-B connector can be used to connect the Spectrum Master directly to a PC. The first time the Spectrum Master is connected to a PC, the normal USB device detection by the computer operating system will take place.

Note For proper detection, the applicable Anritsu Software Tool should be installed on the PC prior to connecting the Spectrum Master to the USB port.

GPS Antenna Connector (Option 31)

The GPS antenna connection on the Spectrum Master is type SMA-female. GPS function is described in Chapter 6, "GPS (Option 31)".

To prevent damage to your instrument, do not use pliers or a plain wrench to tighten the SMA connector. Do not over-tighten the connector. The recommended torque is 8 lbf \cdot in (0.9 N \cdot m or 90 N \cdot cm).

External Power

This is a 2.1 mm by 5.5 mm barrel connector, 12 to 15 VDC, < 4.0 A. The external power connector is used to power the unit and for battery charging. A green blinking LED near the Power button indicates that the instrument battery is being charged by the external charging unit. The indicator is a steady green when the battery is fully charged.

Warning When using the AC-DC Adapter, always use a three-wire power cable that is connected to a three-wire power line outlet. If power is supplied without grounding the equipment in this manner, the user is at risk of receiving a severe or fatal electric shock.

Refer to "External Power On" on page 3-8 and "Power-On Menu" on page 5-6 when controlling the instrument via external power.

USB Interface – Type A

The Spectrum Master has two Type A USB connectors that accept USB Flash Memory devices for storing measurements, setup data, and screen images.

Headset Jack

The headset jack provides audio output from the built-in AM/FM/SSB demodulator for testing and troubleshooting wireless communication systems. The jack accepts a 3.5 mm 3-wire miniature phone plug such as those commonly used with cellular telephones.

Generator/RF Out (Option 20)

RF output, 50 Ω impedance, for tracking generator (Option 20). The maximum input is +23 dBm at ±50 VDC.

2-8 Soft Carrying Case

The Spectrum Master can be operated while in the soft carrying case. On the back of the case is a large storage pouch for accessories and supplies.

To install the instrument into the soft carrying case:

- 1. The front panel of the case is secured with hook-and-loop fasteners. Fully close the front panel of the case. When closed, the front panel supports the shape of the case while you are inserting the Spectrum Master.
- 2. Place the soft carrying case face down on a stable surface, with the front panel fully closed and laying flat.

The soft case has two zippers near the back. The zipper closer to the front of the case opens to install and remove the instrument. The zipper closer to the back of the case opens an adjustable support panel that can be used to provide support for improved stability and air flow while the instrument is in the case. This support panel also contains the storage pouch.

- 3. Open the zippered back of the case.
- 4. Insert the instrument face down into the case, take care that the connectors are properly situated in the case top opening. You may find it easier to insert the connectors first, then pull the corners over the bottom of the Spectrum Master.



Figure 2-15. Instrument Inserted into the Soft Carrying Case

5. Close the back panel and secure with the zipper to secure the Spectrum Master.

The soft carrying case includes a detachable shoulder strap, which can be connected to the D-rings of the case.

Caution The soft case has panel openings for the fan inlet and exhaust ports. Do not block the air flow through the panels when the unit is operating.

2-9 Tilt Bail Stand

A Tilt Bail is attached to the back of the Spectrum Master for desktop operation. The tilt bail provides two settings of backward tilt for improved stability. To deploy the tilt bail, pull the bottom of the tilt bail away from the back of the instrument. To store the tilt bail, push the bottom of the bail towards the back of the instrument until it attaches to the Spectrum Master.

Note

Do not use the tilt bail while the instrument is in the soft case. The soft case has an adjustable support panel in the back zipper.



Figure 2-16. Tilt Bail Extended

Chapter 3 — Quick Start Guide

3-1 Introduction

This chapter provides a brief overview of basic measurement setups. For detailed descriptions of measurement functions and settings, refer to the appropriate Measurement Guide as listed in Appendix A.

3-2 Measurement Mode Selection

Press the **Menu** key, then press the shortcut icon for the desired application, or measurement mode. See Figure 3-1. Alternatively, you can press **Shift** followed by the **Mode** (9) key, then select the measurement mode from the Mode Selector list box.



Figure 3-1. Menu Screen - Shortcuts to Installed Applications

Note The application shortcuts displayed in the top rows of the Menu screen will vary depending on the firmware and options installed on the instrument.

3-3 Spectrum Analyzer

Set the instrument to Spectrum Analyzer mode as described in Section 3-2 "Measurement Mode Selection" on page 3-1.

Set the Frequency

Set Start and Stop Frequencies

- 1. Press the **Freq** main menu key.
- 2. Press the Start Freq submenu key.
- 3. Enter the desired start frequency using the keypad, the arrow keys, or the rotary knob. When entering a frequency using the keypad, the submenu key labels change to GHz, MHz, kHz, and Hz. Press the appropriate unit key. Pressing the Enter key has the same affect as pressing the MHz submenu key.
- 4. Press the Stop Freq submenu key.
- 5. Enter the desired stop frequency.

Set the Center Frequency

- 1. Press the **Freq** main menu key.
- 2. Press the Center Freq submenu key.
- 3. Enter the desired center frequency using the keypad, the arrow keys, or the rotary knob. When entering a frequency using the keypad, the submenu key labels change to GHz, MHz, kHz, and Hz. Press the appropriate unit key. Pressing the **Enter** key has the same affect as pressing the MHz submenu key.

The center frequency and span is shown at the bottom of the screen.

Select a Signal Standard

- 1. Press the **Freq** main menu key.
- 2. Press the Signal Standard submenu key. The Signal Standards dialog box opens.
- 3. Highlight a signal standard and press **Enter** to select.
- 4. Press the Channel submenu key to change the channel value in the Channel Editor.

The signal standard is shown in yellow at the top of the screen.

Set the Frequency Offset

- 1. Press the **Freq** main menu key.
- 2. Press the Step Size & Other submenu key.
- 3. Press the Freq Offset submenu key and enter the desired frequency offset using the keypad, the arrow keys, or the rotary knob. When entering a frequency using the keypad, the submenu key labels change to GHz, MHz, kHz, and Hz. Press the appropriate unit key. Pressing the **Enter** key has the same affect as pressing the MHz submenu key.
- 4. Offset will be displayed at the bottom of the screen. The Center Freq, Start Freq, and Stop Freq keys will also indicate that a frequency offset has been turned on.

5. Set the Freq Offset to 0 Hz to remove the frequency offset.

NoteThe Freq Offset will affect the displayed values of frequencies, Markers and Limits.NoteThe currently frequency offset value is displayed on the Freq Offset submenu key,
located under the Freq main menu > Step Size & Offset submenu.

Set the Measurement Frequency Bandwidth

- 1. Press the **BW** main menu key to display the BW menu.
 - Press the RBW and/or the VBW submenu key to manually change the values.
 - Set RBW and VBW automatically by pressing the Auto RBW submenu key or the Auto VBW submenu key.
- 2. Press the RBW/VBW submenu key to change the resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth ratio.
- **3.** Press the Span/RBW submenu key to change the span width to resolution bandwidth ratio.

Set the Amplitude

Press the **Amplitude** main menu key to display the Amplitude menu.

Set Amplitude Reference Level and Scale

- 1. Press the Reference Level submenu key and use the arrow keys, rotary knob, or the keypad to change the reference level. Press **Enter** to set the reference level value.
- 2. Press the Scale submenu key and use the arrow keys, rotary knob, or the keypad to enter the desired scale. Press **Enter** to set the scale value.

Set Amplitude Range and Scale

- 1. Press the Auto Atten submenu key to set an optimal reference level based on the measured signal.
- 2. Press the Scale submenu key.
- **3.** Enter the desired scale units by using the keypad, the arrow keys, or the rotary knob. Press **Enter** to set. The y-axis scale is automatically renumbered.

Reference Level Offset for External Loss or External Gain

To obtain accurate measurements, compensate for any external attenuation or gain by using the RL Offset submenu. The compensation factor is in dB. External attenuation can be created by using an external cable or an external high power attenuator, external gain is typically from an amplifier.

To adjust the reference level for either gain or loss, press the RL Offset submenu key and enter a positive dB value and then press the appropriate submenu key (dB External Gain or dB External Loss). The new RL Offset value will be displayed on the instrument and reference level is adjusted.

Set the Span

- 1. Press the **Span** main menu key or the **Freq** main menu key followed by the **Span** submenu key.
- 2. To select full span, press the Full Span submenu key. Selecting full span overrides any previously set Start and Stop frequencies.
- 3. For a single frequency measurement, press the Zero Span submenu key.

To quickly move the span value up or down, press the Span Up 1-2-5 or SpanNoteDown 1-2-5 submenu keys These keys facilitate a zoom-in, zoom-out feature in a
1-2-5 sequence.

Single Limit Line

Press the **Limit** menu key to display the Limit menu.

- 1. Press the Limit (Upper / Lower) submenu key to select the desired limit line, Upper or Lower.
- **2.** Activate the selected limit line by pressing the On Off submenu key so that On is underlined.
- **3.** Press the Limit Move submenu key to display the Limit Move menu. Press the first Move Limit submenu key and use the arrows keys, rotary knob, or keypad to change the dBm level of the limit line.
- 4. Press the Back submenu key to return to the Limit menu.
- 5. If necessary, press the Set Default Limit submenu key to redraw the limit line in view.

Create a Limit Envelope

- 1. Press **Shift** then **Limit** (6) to open the Limit menu.
- 2. Select Limit Envelope.
- **3.** Press the Create Envelope key.

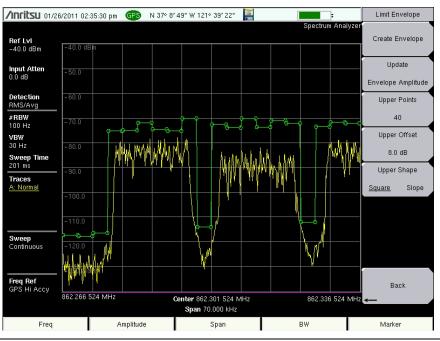


Figure 3-2. Limit Envelope

Setting Up Markers

Press the Marker main menu key to display the Marker menu.

Selecting, Activating, and Placing a Marker

- 1. Press the Marker 1 2 3 4 5 6 submenu key and then select the desired marker using the touch screen marker buttons. The selected marker is underlined on the Marker submenu key.
- 2. Press the On Off submenu key so that On is underlined. The selected marker is displayed in red and ready to be moved.
- 3. Use the rotary knob to place the marker on the desired frequency.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 through 3 to activate and move additional markers.

Selecting, Activating, and Placing a Delta Marker:

- 1. Press the Marker 1 2 3 4 5 6 submenu key and select the desired delta marker. The selected marker is underlined.
- 2. Press the Delta On Off submenu key so that On is underlined. The selected marker is displayed in red and ready to be moved.
- 3. Use the rotary knob to place the delta marker on the desired frequency.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 through 3 to activate and move additional markers.

Viewing Marker Data in a Table Format

- 1. Press the More submenu key.
- 2. Press the Marker Table submenu key so that On is underlined. All marker and delta marker data are displayed in a table under the measurement graph.

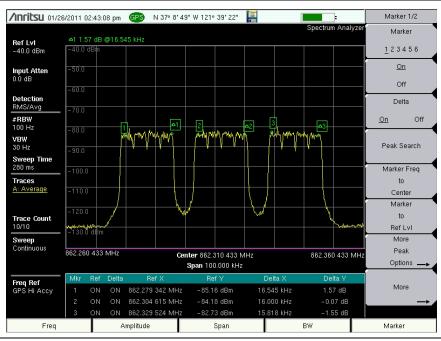


Figure 3-3. Marker Table

Select a Measurement Type

In Spectrum Analyzer mode, press **Shift** then **Measure** (4) and select a measurement using the submenu keys.

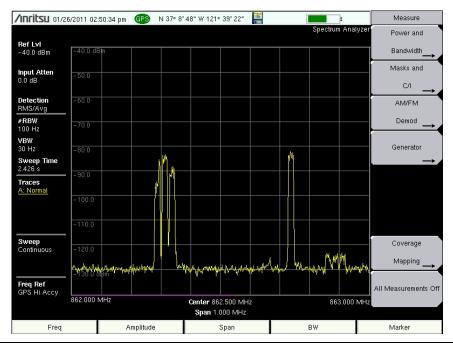


Figure 3-4. Spectrum Analyzer Measure Menu

External Power On

The When DC Applied setting in the Power-On menu allows the instrument to restart automatically when external DC power is applied to the connector shown in Figure 2-14 on page 2-15. Refer to "External Power" on page 2-16 and the "Power-On Menu" on page 5-6.

When this feature is enabled, the instrument in the off state will turn on when external DC power is applied. The instrument turns off when external power is removed, even if a battery is installed. This is useful for high-reliability remote operation, where the instrument may need to be rebooted using a remotely-controlled power switch.

If the instrument is turned on with the power switch, then external power is removed, the instrument will continue to run until the battery is depleted. It will come on and the battery will begin recharging when external power is applied. This state is useful when the instrument is in a location where the power source may be interrupted.

Chapter 4 — File Management

4-1 Introduction

This chapter describes the file management features of the Spectrum Master and the related touch screen menus. The File menu and its submenus allow you to save, recall, copy, and delete files in internal memory or an external USB flash drive.

4-2 Managing Files

Press the **Shift** key, then the **File** (7) key on the numeric keypad to display the File menu.

When navigating through the File menu, press the Esc key to return to theprevious menu or submenu. Any changes not yet applied (by pressing Enter) are canceled.

File Types

Under the Save, Recall, Copy, and Delete menus, press the Change Type or the File Type submenu key to open the Select File Type list box, where you can select the desired file type.

Available file types depend on the measurement mode and instrument model. The Select File Type list box may contain the following entries:

- ALL (displays all file types)
- Setup, *.stp (Setup files contain basic instrument information, measurement mode setup details, measurement marker data, and limit data.)
- Measurement, *.spa, *.ia, *.cs, *.edg, *.wcd, *.tds, *.lte, *.tdlte, *.cdma, *.evdo, *.wmxd, *.wmxe, *.afp (Measurement files contain all of the information in the setup files and the measurement data. File extensions are determined by the current measurement mode and selected file type.)
- JPEG, *.jpg (Image file is a screen capture of the current measurement display.)
- Limit Lines, *.lim (The Limit Line file contains limit line data details.)
- Spurious Emission Mask, *.spe (The Spurious Emission Mask file contains the frequency, amplitude, and other information related to segments in an out-of-band spurious emission mask.)
- KML 2D, *.kml
- KML 3D, *.kml
- Mapping Tab Delimited, *.mtd

You can also use the touch screen to open the drop down list for the Filetype entry box, as shown in Figure 4-1 on page 4-2.

Save Files

The submenu keys that are available for file management may vary with instrument options and measurement modes. Refer to "File Menu" on page 4-9.

Save Measurement As

The Save Measurement As submenu key provides a one-touch method of saving the current measurement data. The name of the file that will be saved is displayed on the submenu key. The numerical suffix increments by 1 following the Save. For example, if the last measurement was saved with the file name ACPR, the Save Measurement As shows the default file name for the next measurement to be saved as ACPR_1, then ACPR_2, and so on. To save using a different file name than the default, press the Save Measurement key or the Save key instead of Save Measurement As.

Save Measurement

To save the current measurement data, use the Save Measurement As submenu key described above or, to apply a different file name or save location than the default, press the Save Measurement submenu key or the Save key. In the Save dialog, you can enter the file name and select the type of data to save. See Figure 4-1 and refer to "Save Dialog Box" on page 4-3.

Save

The Save submenu key has the same function as Save Measurement. It opens the Save dialog box and menu illustrated in Figure 4-1.



Figure 4-1. Save Dialog Box

Save Dialog Box

In the Save dialog, use the touch screen keyboard to enter the name of the file to save. See Figure 4-1 on page 4-2. Optionally, you can use the Quick Name keys to insert preset text strings into the file name. Refer to "Quick Name Keys".

To select the type of data to save, either press the Filetype selection box to display the drop down list of available file types, or press the Change Type submenu key. Selectable file types vary with the measurement mode. Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to highlight the desired file type, then press **Enter** to select.

Press **Enter** again to save the file. File name extensions are automatically assigned based on the file type and measurement mode. Refer to "File Types" on page 4-1.

Quick Name Keys

Quick Name keys in the Save dialog provide optional building blocks for entering file names. They function as keyboard shortcuts, allowing you to enter predefined, frequently used file names or parts of file names. To enter or change a Quick Name, press the Change Quick Name submenu key in the Save menu, then select the item to edit (see Figure 4-2) and press Enter on the numeric keypad. In the Edit Quick Name dialog, use the touch screen keyboard to enter a new Quick Name. See Figure 4-3. Press Enter again and the new name will be displayed on the key, in the Save dialog.

Select Quick Name to edit	
Quick Name 1	
Quick Name 2	
Quick Name 3	
Quick Name 4	
Quick Name 5	

Figure 4-2. Select Quick Name List Box

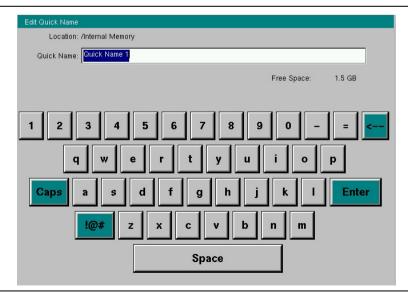


Figure 4-3. Edit Quick Name Dialog Box

Change Save Location

You can save files to internal memory or to an external USB flash drive. To change the destination location of the saved file, press the Change Save Location submenu key under the Save menu. Figure 4-4 illustrates the directory structure of the instrument's internal memory and external USB drive or drives, if connected. Only folders are listed, not files.

/Inritsu 12/15/2015 05	:53:19 pm			Save Location
Select Save Location				Sort By
🖃 🦰 Internal Memory				Name Type Date
Anritsu_Snaps				Sort Order
	_201509161305			
L				Ascend Descend
USB 1	_201509161306			Create
0381				Folder
				Set
				Location
				Refresh
				Directories
				-
Freq	Amplitude	Span	BW	Marker

Figure 4-4. Save Location Screen

Use the touch screen, the **Up/Down** arrow keys, or the rotary knob to select a folder from the list. To expand a folder and view its subfolders, press **Enter** or the **Right** arrow key. Press **Enter** again or the **Left** arrow key to collapse the folder. To create a new folder, press the **Create Folder** submenu key.

After selecting the folder, press the **Set Location** key to store the save location. Refer to "Save Location Menu" on page 4-11 for a description of the submenu keys.

Save On Event

This menu is not available in all modes of operation. The menu is used to automatically save measurement data to the current save location after a selected event type. Refer to "Save On... Menu" on page 4-12.

Recall Files

Press the Recall Measurement key or the Recall key under the File menu to recall a previously saved file from internal memory or an external USB drive, if connected. The files listed in the Recall dialog box depend on the file type selected. See Figure 4-5. JPEG image files cannot be recalled.

/Inritsu 02/23/3	2016 11:55:14 am				Recall
Recall					Sort By
					Name Type <u>Date</u>
Filetype:	Setup			•	Sort Order
	ALL Setup				Ascend Descend
	Measurement Limit Lines				File Type
= 🦰 Internal N	Spurious Emission	Mask			▲ Setup
	_Snapshot				Refresh
- 📔 FileName_'			RL	02/22/2016 04:13:40 p.m.	Directories
FileName.s	tp		RL	02/14/2016 02:19:18 p.m.	
					•
				1	
Freq	Ar	nplitude	Span	BW	Marker

Figure 4-5. Recall Dialog Box

The submenu keys let you change the file types and sort order of the displayed file list. Refer to "Recall Menu" on page 4-13.

The Filetype drop down list has the same function as the File Type submenu key. Selectable file types vary with the measurement mode. Use the touch screen, rotary knob, or the **Up/Down** arrow keys to select the file you wish to recall, then press **Enter**.

From the Recall dialog box, you can create a shortcut to a setup file and place the shortcut icon on the instrument's Menu screen. Refer to "User-Created Shortcuts" on page 2-5.

Copy Files

Press the Copy key under the File menu to open the Copy dialog box and menu, where you can copy a single or multiple files or folders. The source and destination locations may be the instrument's internal memory or an external USB drive, if connected. The source files listed in the Copy dialog box depend on the chosen file type, which is selected using either the Filetype drop down list or the File Type submenu key. You can also change the way folders and files are sorted in the displayed list. Refer to "Copy Menu" on page 4-14.

The Filetype drop down list has the same function as the File Type submenu key. Selectable file types vary with the measurement mode. Files and folders to copy are listed in the top pane of the Copy dialog box. Select the destination in the bottom pane. See Figure 4-6.

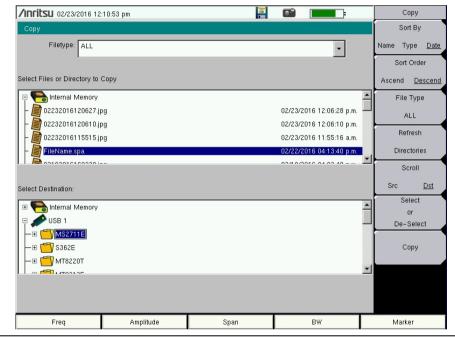


Figure 4-6. Copy Dialog Box

- **1.** To copy to or from an external USB drive, insert the flash drive into a USB port on the instrument. Otherwise, skip to the next step.
- 2. Press the Shift key, followed by File (7), then press the Copy submenu key.
- **3.** Use the submenu keys to select the type of file to copy and the display order of folders and files, as appropriate.
- 4. Make sure the Scroll submenu key is toggled to Src (source).
- Use the touch screen, rotary knob, or the Up/Down arrow keys to locate and highlight (that is, frame) the file or folder you wish to copy. To open a highlighted folder, press Enter. Press Enter again or press the Left arrow key to close it.
- **6.** To select a highlighted file or folder for copying, press the Select or De-Select submenu key. The selected item is highlighted in blue.
- 7. If needed, repeat Step 5 and Step 6 to select more files or folders to copy.

- 8. Press the Scroll key to switch navigation control to the Dst (destination) pane. Alternatively, you can directly press a folder in the bottom pane to select it.
- **9.** If the destination folder is off the screen, use the rotary knob or the **Up/Down** arrow keys to locate and select it.
- **10.** Press the Copy key to copy the selected files or folders.

If a file by the same name already exists in the destination location, an error message is displayed, prompting you to press **Enter** to overwrite, or **Esc** to skip the conflicting file.

Delete Files

Press the **Delete** key under the File menu to open the Delete dialog box and menu, where you can delete a single or multiple files or folders. Items to be deleted may be in the instrument's internal memory or an external USB drive, if connected. However, you cannot select files and folders located in different drives simultaneously.

The files listed in the Delete dialog box depend on the chosen file type, which is selected using either the Filetype drop down list or the File Type submenu key. You can also change the way folders and files are sorted in the displayed list. Refer to "Delete Menu" on page 4-15.

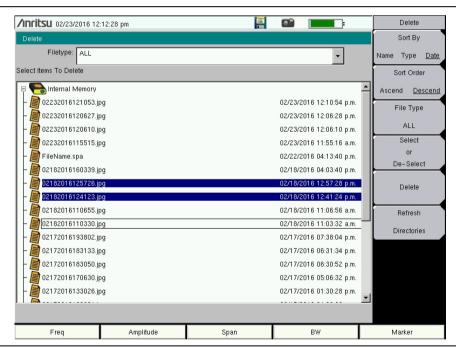


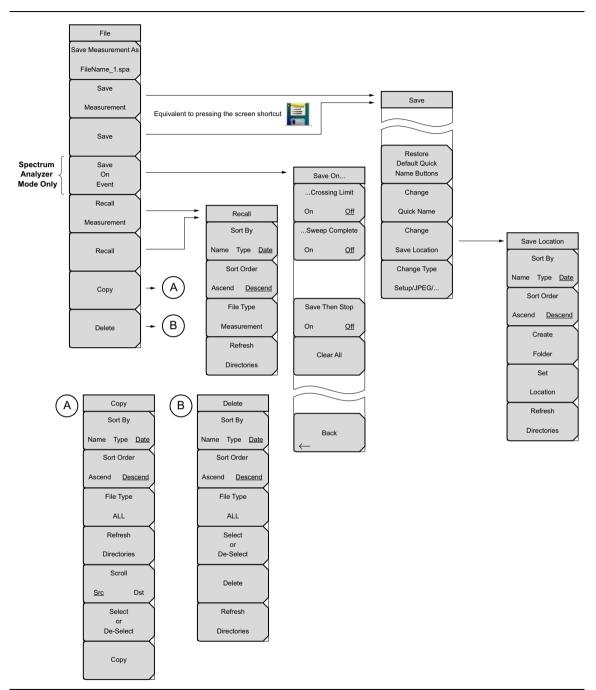
Figure 4-7. Delete Dialog Box

Use the touch screen, rotary knob, or the **Up/Down** arrow keys to highlight the file or folder you wish to delete. Then, press the **Select** or **De-Select** submenu key. The selected item is highlighted in blue. Pressing the key again deselects the current item.

To delete multiple files or folders, scroll to the next item and press the Select or De-Select key. Press the Delete key, then confirm or cancel the deletion in the confirmation box.

4-3 File Menu Overview

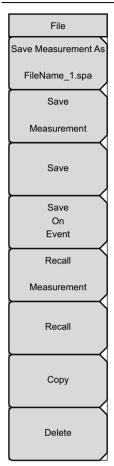
Open this menu by pressing the Shift key, then the File (7) key.





4-4 File Menu

Key Sequence: **Shift > File (7)**



Save Measurement As: Pressing this key will save instrument setup parameters, trace data, and any measurement results to the file that is named on the submenu key. Upon Save completion, the file name numerical suffix increments by 1 and will be applied to the next Save. The file extension is determined by the current measurement mode, such as .spa for Spectrum Analyzer mode.

To save to a different file name than the default shown, or to change the save location, use the Save Measurement or the Save submenu key.

Save Measurement: Press this submenu key to display the "Save Menu" and Save dialog box. You can optionally enter a different file name using the keyboard in the Save dialog. You may also select the file type from the drop down list, as illustrated in Figure 4-11 on page 4-10. The list of available file types varies with the measurement mode.

Press **Enter** to save to the named file and return to the File menu. Pressing **Esc** exits the Save menu and dialog without saving.

The destination file for the saved data may be in the instrument's internal memory or an external drive, typically a USB drive. To change the save location, refer to the "Save Location Menu" on page 4-11.

Save: Press this submenu key to display the "Save Menu" and Save dialog box. The available settings are the same as those of the Save Measurement key.

Save on Event (Not available in all measurement modes): Press this submenu key to display the "Save On... Menu" on page 4-12.

Recall Measurement: Press this submenu key to display the "Recall Menu" on page 4-13. Use this menu to recall measurement files from internal memory or an external drive, such as a USB memory stick.

Recall: Press this submenu key to display the "Recall Menu" on page 4-13. The available settings are the same as those of the Recall Measurement key. Use this menu to recall files (such as measurements, setups, limit lines, maps) from internal memory or an external drive.

Copy: Press this submenu key to display the "Copy Menu" on page 4-14. Use this menu to copy files and folders. The source and destination locations may be the instrument's internal memory or an external USB drive.

Delete: Press this submenu key to display the "Delete Menu" on page 4-15 and a selection box that lists the contents of internal memory and an external drive if connected. Use the rotary knob or the **Up/Down** arrow keys to scroll to the file that is to be deleted and press the Select or De-Select submenu key, then Delete. Press the **Esc** key to cancel the operation. Note that deleted files cannot be recovered.

Figure 4-9. File Menu

Save Menu

Key Sequence: **Shift > File (7)** > Save Measurement

Key Sequence: Shift > File (7) > Save

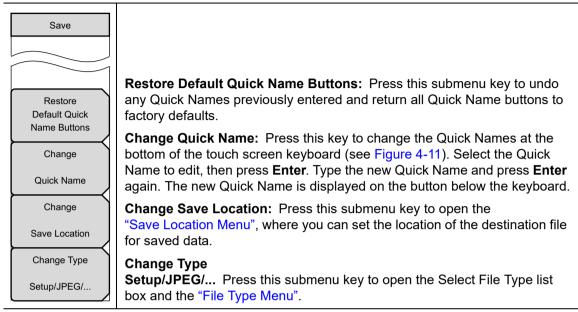


Figure 4-10. Save Menu

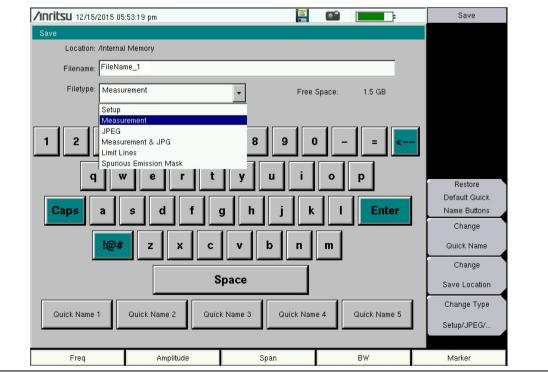
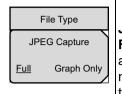


Figure 4-11. Save Dialog Box

File Type Menu

Key Sequence: Shift > File (7) > Save Measurement > Change Type $V_{i} = 0$

Key Sequence: Shift > File (7) > Save > Change Type



JPEG Capture

Full Graph Only: Press this submenu key to toggle between file types, Full and Graph Only. Choose Full to include all of the additional data on the measurement screen. Choose Graph Only to capture just the measurement trace in the sweep window.

Figure 4-12. File Type Menu

Save Location Menu

Key Sequence: Shift > File (7) > Save > Change Save Location

Save Location Sort By Name Type <u>Date</u>	Sort By Name Type Date: Press this submenu key to choose the item by which folders are sorted in the Select Save Location list. See Figure 4-4 on page 4-4.
Sort Order	Sort Order
Ascend <u>Descend</u>	Ascend Descend: Press this key to toggle the sort order of the folder list between Ascending and Descending.
Create	Create Folder: Press this submenu key to create a new folder inside the
Folder	selected directory. Enter the new folder name in the Create Directory dialog and press Enter . To return to the Select Save Location dialog without creating
Set	a new folder, press Esc .
Location	Set Location: Press this submenu key to set the currently selected folder as the destination where several files will be stored, and to return to the "Source
Refresh	the destination where saved files will be stored, and to return to the "Save Menu" on page 4-10. Press Esc to exit without saving.
Directories	Refresh Directories: Press this key to update the folder list after connecting or disconnecting an external USB drive.

Figure 4-13. Save Location Menu

Save On... Menu

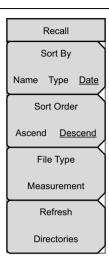
Key Sequence: Shift > File (7) > Save On Event

Save On	In Spectrum Analyzer mode, this menu is used to automatically save measurements to the current save location after any of the following events:
Crossing Limit	Crossing Limit
On <u>Off</u>	On Off: When this submenu key is set to On, measurement data is automatically saved when the trace crosses a limit line that has been
Sweep Complete	specified with the Limit menu.
On <u>Off</u>	Sweep Complete On Off: When this key is set to On, measurement data is automatically saved after the current sweep is completed.
	Save Then Stop
	On Off: Set this key to On to stop the sweep after a measurement is
Save Then Stop	saved. If this setting is Off and Sweep Complete is On, a measurement is saved after every sweep.
On <u>Off</u>	Clear All: Press this key to turn Off all three Save On Event keys:
Clear All	Crossing Limit
	Sweep Complete
	Save Then Stop
	Back: Press this key to return to the "File Menu" on page 4-9.
Back	
\leftarrow	
Elevena A AA Cover	

Figure 4-14. Save On Menu

Recall Menu

Key Sequence: Shift > File (7) > Recall



Use these menu keys to change the way files are listed in the Recall dialog box. Navigate to the desired file, then press Enter to recall.

When recalling a saved setup, all current instrument settings are replaced by the stored setup information. When recalling a saved measurement and multiple traces are displayed, parameter settings shown on the instrument screen may reflect those of the recalled trace or the active trace, depending on the measurement mode or other factors.

Sort By

Name Type Date: Press this submenu key to choose the item by which folders and files are sorted in the Recall dialog box. See Figure 4-5 on page 4-5.

Sort Order

Ascend Descend: Press this key to toggle the sort order of the file list between Ascending and Descending.

File Type: Press this submenu key to open the Select File Type list box. Press the desired file type on the list, then press **Enter** to apply the selection. JPEG image files cannot be recalled and are not listed.

Alternatively, you can select directly from the Filetype drop down list in the Recall dialog box.

Refresh Directories: Press this key to update the file list after connecting or disconnecting an external USB drive.

Figure 4-15. Recall Menu

Copy Menu

Key Sequence: **Shift** > **File** (7) > Copy

Copy Sort By Name Type <u>Date</u>	Sort By Name Type Date: Press this submenu key to choose the item by which folders and files are sorted in the Copy dialog box. See Figure 4-6 on page 4-6.
Sort Order Ascend <u>Descend</u>	Sort Order Ascend Descend: Press this key to toggle the sort order of the file list between Ascending and Descending.
File Type ALL	File Type: Press this submenu key to open the Select File Type list box. Press the desired file type on the list, then press Enter to apply the selection.
Refresh Directories	Alternatively, you can select directly from the Filetype drop down list in the Copy dialog box.
Scroll	Refresh Directories: Press this key to update the file list after connecting or disconnecting an external USB drive.
Select or	Scroll Src Dst: Press this submenu key to shift navigation control between the source and destination panes in the Copy dialog box.
De-Select	Select or De-Select: Press this key to select or deselect the current file or folder. Selected items are highlighted in blue.
Сору	Copy: Copies the selected files and folders, highlighted in blue in the top pane of the Copy dialog box, to the selected location in the bottom pane. If a file by the same name already exists in the destination location, an Error message is displayed, prompting you to press Enter to overwrite, or Esc to skip the conflicting file.

Figure 4-16. Copy Menu

Delete Menu

Key Sequence: Shift > File (7) > Delete

Delete Sort By Name Type <u>Date</u>	Sort By Name Type Date: Press this submenu key to choose the item by which folders and files are sorted in the Delete dialog box. See Figure 4-7 on page 4-7.
Sort Order Ascend Descend File Type	Sort Order Ascend Descend: Press this key to toggle the sort order of the file list between Ascending and Descending.
ALL Select	File Type: Press this submenu key to open the Select File Type list box. Press the desired file type on the list, then press Enter to apply the selection.
or De-Select	Alternatively, you can select directly from the Filetype drop down list in the Delete dialog box.
Delete	Select or De-Select: Press this key to select or deselect the current file or folder. Selected items are highlighted in blue.
Refresh	Delete: Deletes the selected files or folders, which are highlighted in blue. In the confirmation box, press Yes to delete, No to cancel. You can also press Esc to cancel the deletion.
Directories	Refresh Directories: Press this key to update the file list after connecting or disconnecting an external USB drive.

Figure 4-17. Delete Menu

Chapter 5 — System Operations

5-1 Introduction

This chapter reviews the Spectrum Master system operations and related menus. The other menus (Sweep, Measure, Trace, and Limit) are described in the Measurement Guides listed in Appendix A.

5-2 System Menu Overview

To access the System menu functions, press the **Shift** key, then the **System** (8) key.

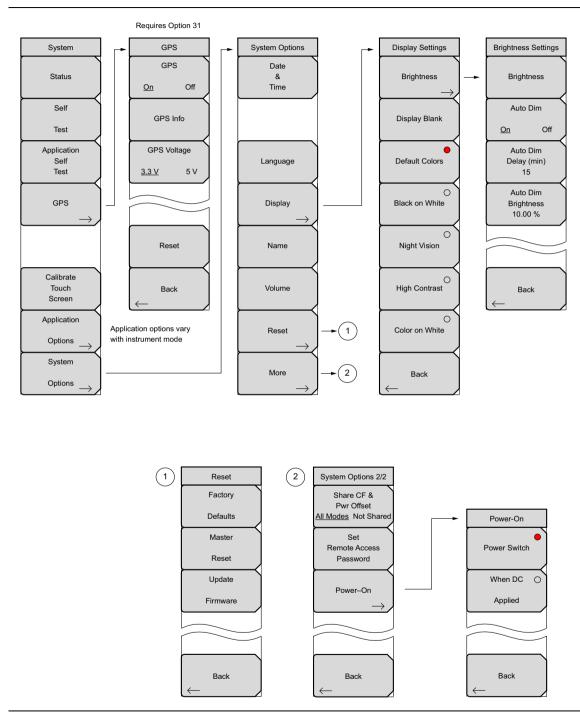


Figure 5-1. System Menu

5-3 System Menu

Key Sequence: Shift, System (8)

System Status	Status: Pressing this submenu key displays the current system status, including the operating system and firmware versions, temperatures and other details such as current battery information. Press Esc or Enter to return to normal operation.
Self Test	Self Test: This key initiates a series of diagnostic tests related to the performance of the motherboard hardware. A display will list the individual tests with a pass or fail indication. Press Esc or Enter to return to normal operation.
Application Self Test	If the self test fails when the battery is fully charged and the instrument is within the specified operating temperature, contact your Anritsu Service Center and report the test results.
$GPS \rightarrow$	Application Self Test: This key initiates a series of diagnostic tests related to the performance of the instrument for specific applications. A display will list the individual tests with a pass or fail indication. Press Esc or Enter to return to normal operation.
	GPS: Opens the "GPS Menu" on page 6-4.
Calibrate Touch Screen	Calibrate Touch Screen: If the instrument does not respond as expected when you press the touch screen, press this key to display the touch screen calibration message box. Refer to "Touch Screen Calibration" on page 2-10.
Application	The front panel shortcut equivalent of this submenu key is Shift , 0 (zero). Refer to "Calibrate Touch Screen Shortcut" on page 2-10.
Options → System	Application Options: This submenu changes with the measurement mode. Refer to the appropriate Measurement Guide, as listed in Appendix A.
Ontions	System Options: This key opens the "System Options Menu" on page 5-4.

Figure 5-2. System Menu

Ζ

System Options Menu

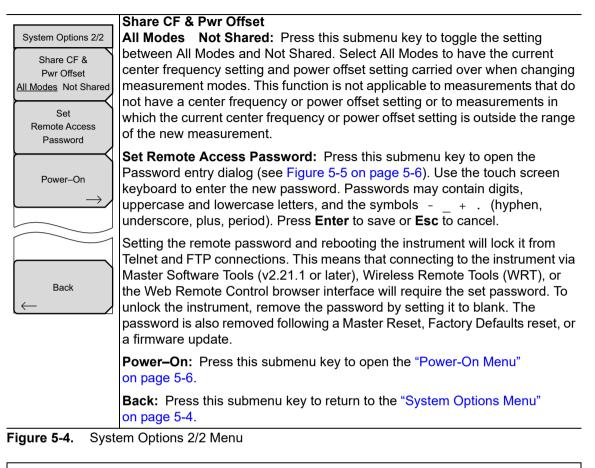
Key Sequence: **Shift**, **System** (8) > System Options

System Options Date & Time	Date and Time: Press this submenu key to display a dialog box for setting the current date and time. Use the submenu keys or the Left/Right arrow keys to select the field to be modified. Use the keypad, the Up/Down arrow keys, or the rotary knob to select the date and time. Press Enter to accept the changes, or press the Esc key to return to normal operation without making changes.
	Language: Press this submenu key to open a list box and select a built-in language for the instrument display. Press Enter to apply the change, or press Esc to cancel.
Language	The languages that are currently available are: English, French, German, Spanish, Japanese, Chinese, Korean, Italian, Russian, and Portuguese. You can edit non-English language captions using Master Software Tools (MST). If a mode does not have language translations available, then English is the default language.
Name	Caution: A firmware update or any instrument reset will overwrite modifications you may have made in any of the language files.
Volume	Display: The Display submenu key opens the "Display Settings Menu" on page 5-7, allowing brightness control and the selection of different display attributes.
Reset	Name: Press this submenu key to open the Unit Name dialog, where you can enter a name for the instrument, using the touch screen keyboard. Press Enter to save the name.
More	The assigned instrument name appears in measurement files, setup files, limit line files, and MST reports. It is displayed on the browser page banner when the instrument is connected to a remote PC or mobile device.
\longrightarrow	Volume: Press this submenu key to view or adjust the speaker volume. The current volume setting is displayed in the Volume input box. Use the numeric keypad, the Up/Down arrow keys, or the rotary knob to change the value, and press Enter to apply the change.
	Reset: Press this submenu key to open the "Reset Menu" on page 5-9.
	More: Press this submenu key to open the "System Options 2/2 Menu" on page 5-5.

Figure 5-3. System Options Menu

System Options 2/2 Menu

Key Sequence: Shift, System (8) > System Options > More



Warning Do not set a remote access password when using SCPI commands to communicate with the instrument.

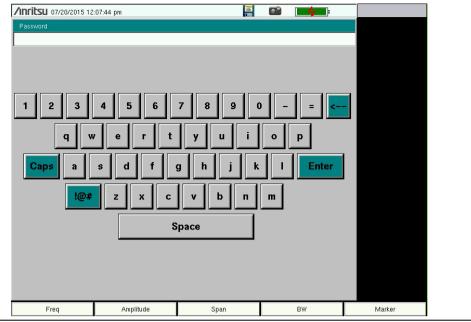


Figure 5-5. Remote Access Password Dialog

Power-On Menu

Key Sequence: Shift, System (8) > System Options > More > Power–On

Power Switch	 Power Switch: Press this submenu key to set the instrument for normal use of the On/Off button on the instrument front panel. When DC Applied: Press this submenu key to set the instrument to automatically restart when DC power is applied to the External Power connector (see Figure 2-14 on page 2-15). Refer to "External Power On" on page 3-8.
Back	Back: Press this submenu key to return to the "System Options 2/2 Menu" on page 5-5.

Figure 5-6. Power–On Menu

Display Settings Menu

Key Sequence: **Shift**, **System** (8) > System Options > Display

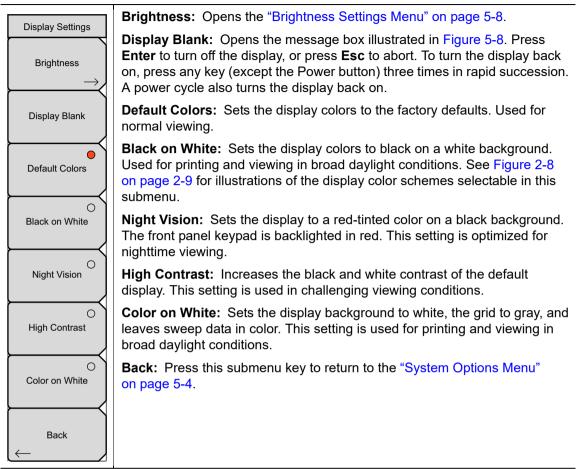


Figure 5-7. Display Settings Menu

Display Blank
To turn off the display, press <enter>, or press <esc> to abort.</esc></enter>
Three rapid keypresses, or turning power off and on, will turn on the display.

Figure 5-8. Display Blank Message Box

Brightness Settings Menu

Key Sequence: **Shift**, **System** (8) > System Options > Display > Brightness

Brightness Settings	The brightness of the display can be adjusted to optimize viewing under a wide variety of lighting conditions.
Brightness Auto Dim On Off Auto Dim	Brightness: Press this submenu key to open the Brightness Editor window, where you can adjust the display brightness level from 0 to 100, with 100 being the brightest. See Figure 5-10. Use the rotary knob to adjust the value in increments of 5, or press the Up/Down arrow keys to change the value in increments of 25. Press the Left or the Right arrow key to jump to 0 or 100, respectively. Press Enter to accept the change. All display elements on the instrument screen are affected by the Brightness setting.
Delay (min) 15	Auto Dim On/Off: Press this submenu key to toggle the display auto-dimming feature on and off. Enabling auto-dim can extend battery life.
Auto Dim Brightness 10.00 %	Auto Dim Delay: Press this key to adjust the amount of idle time, from 1 to 15 minutes, before the instrument display goes dim. Use the arrow keys or the rotary knob to adjust the value in increments of 1. You can also use the numeric keypad, then press Enter . Out-of-range values are ignored.
Back	Auto Dim Brightness: Press this submenu key to select the brightness percentage level of the display when it is dimmed. Use the arrow keys or the rotary knob to adjust the value in increments of 5%, from 0% to 25%. You can also use the numeric keypad, then press % or the Enter key. Out-of-range values are ignored.
	Back: Press this submenu key to return to the "Display Settings Menu" on page 5-7.

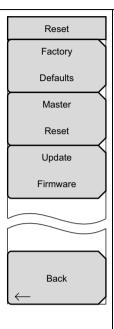
Figure 5-9. Brightness Settings Menu



Figure 5-10. Brightness Editor Input Box

Reset Menu

Key Sequence: Shift, System (8) > System Options > Reset



Factory Defaults: Press this key to restore the instrument to the default settings for all measurement modes and system settings, including connectivity, language, and the display and audio settings. The instrument will power cycle when the operation is complete. Press the **Enter** key to initiate the reset, or press **Esc** to abort.

Note: This same reset sequence can be initiated when turning on the instrument by pressing **Power** while holding down the **Esc** key until the Anritsu splash screen is displayed.

Master Reset: Press this submenu key to restore the instrument to factory defaults as described above and to delete all user files from the instrument internal memory. The instrument will power cycle when the operation is complete. Press **Enter** to initiate the reset, or press **Esc** to abort.

Note: This same reset sequence can be initiated when turning on the instrument by pressing **Power** while holding down the **System** (8) key until the Anritsu splash screen is displayed.

Update Firmware: Press this submenu key to update the instrument operating system using an external USB drive. Press **Load Firmware** to start the update procedure, or press the **Menu** key to cancel and display the Menu key screen of application icons. Refer to "Firmware Update" on page 5-11 for detailed instructions.

Back: Press this submenu key to return to the "System Options Menu" on page 5-4.

Figure 5-11. Reset Menu

5-4 Preset Menu

Key Sequence: Shift, Preset (1)

Preset Preset	Preset: This key resets all parameter settings for the current measurement mode to their factory default values, and switches the display to the default view for that mode. Measurement settings specific to other modes, or applications, are not affected.
Save Setup	Save Setup: Opens the Save dialog box (see Figure 4-1 on page 4-2) to name and save the current operating settings, allowing them to be recalled later to return the instrument to the state it was in at the time the setup was saved.
Recall Setup	The saved setup can be named using the touch screen keyboard. Use the Caps key to select an uppercase letter. Use the Left/Right directional arrows to move the cursor position. Press Enter to save the setup.
	Note: Set the File type as Setup. Refer to "Save Menu" on page 4-10 for details.
	Recall Setup: This key allows the selection and recall of a previously stored instrument setup using the "Recall Menu" on page 4-13. Use the rotary knob, the Up/Down arrow keys, or the touch screen to highlight the saved setup, and press Enter . All current instrument settings are replaced by the stored setup information.
Figure 5 12 Droop	t Monu

Figure 5-12. Preset Menu

5-5 Self Test

At power on, the Spectrum Master runs through a series of quick checks to ensure that the system is functioning properly. The System self test runs a series of tests that are related to the instrument hardware. The Application self test runs a series of tests related to the instrument hardware that is used in the current operating mode.

If the Spectrum Master is within the specified operating range with a charged battery and the self test fails, contact your Anritsu Service Center at anritsu.com/contact-us.

To initiate a self test when the system is already powered up:

- 1. Press the Shift key, followed by the System (8) key.
- 2. Press the Self Test submenu key. The Self Test results are displayed.
- **3.** Press **Esc** to close the Self Test results dialog.

5-6 Firmware Update

To update your Anritsu instrument firmware, use a high quality USB memory device with at least 250 MB of free space and FAT32 file system format.

- 1. Insert the memory device into your PC or laptop.
- 2. From a browser, go to the following Anritsu Products page:

http://www.anritsu.com/en-US/test-measurement/mobile-wireless-communications/spectrum-analyzers

- **3.** If the Web page lists more than one product, find your instrument model number and click the link.
- 4. On the product page, press the Downloads button.
- 5. Under the Drivers/Firmware/Software tab, you can optionally follow the Firmware Revision/Release History link to download a document detailing current and past firmware changes.
- 6. Click on the link Firmware Update for the Spectrum Master MS2711E.
- 7. Click the Download button, then choose Save or Save As. Do not run the executable file directly from the Web page.
- 8. Go to the Save location designated in Step 7 and double-click the installer file, Model_Ver_USBLoader.exe.
- **9.** In the Firmware Update dialog, click to view, then accept the software license agreement.
- 10. Click Browse and select the Removable Disk drive where the USB device is inserted.
- 11. Click Prepare USB Memory Stick to create the firmware update USB device.
- **12.** After the firmware update tool has finished, click through the final steps in the Firmware Update dialog to close the installer program.
- **13.** Eject the memory device from the computer.

Note The file structure created on the USB memory device by the installer program is necessary for a successful firmware update and must not be altered in any way.

- 14. Turn off the Spectrum Master and insert the USB memory device into the instrument.
- **15.** Make sure the Spectrum Master is plugged into an AC power source and not running on battery alone, then turn on the instrument.
- **16.** At bootup, the instrument should detect new firmware on the USB device and ask if you wish to upgrade. Press **Yes**.
- 17. The Automatic Firmware Update dialog should open at this time. Skip to Step 19.

If the same firmware code as contained on the USB device is already loaded on the instrument, a message indicating that firmware update is skipped will display briefly on the instrument screen.

If the firmware update on the memory device does not match your instrument model, an error message will display briefly, indicating that it is not compatible.

Note

18. If there is no error but the instrument does not enter upgrade mode automatically:

- a. Press Shift > System (8) > System Options > Reset > Update Firmware.
- **b.** Press Load Firmware at the bottom left of the instrument screen.
- c. Press Update Application Firmware.
- d. The Firmware Update dialog opens.
- **19.** Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys or the rotary knob to select one of the Save modes.
 - Save none: No attempt is made to save any user data.
 - Save user data: User data is saved to the selected external media device.
 - Save & restore user data: User data is saved to the selected external media device. The instrument also attempts to restore the files to the instrument after the update.

Warning Some user data may be lost if not enough memory space is available on the selected device.

20. Press Enter.

21. Press Enter again to confirm your intention to proceed with the firmware upgrade.

To cancel the operation, press **Esc**. In this case, you need to press **Shift > Mode** (9) and select an application from the Mode Selector list in order to exit upgrade mode and resume normal instrument operation.

	You cannot stop the upgrade once it has started. To avoid potential permanent
Warning	damage, do not turn off the instrument or remove the USB memory device during
	the firmware update.

22. After the update is complete, the instrument should reboot automatically.

If the instrument turns off and does not restart on its own, remove the USB memory device and turn on the instrument by holding down the **System (8)** key, then pressing the **Power** button. Keep pressing **System (8)** until the Anritsu splash screen is displayed. Be sure to use this key combination in order to perform a Master Reset while turning on the instrument. Pressing the **Power** button alone may put the instrument in an unrecoverable error state.

Chapter 6 — GPS (Option 31)

6-1 Introduction

The Spectrum Master is available with a built-in GPS receiver feature (Option 31) that can provide latitude, longitude, altitude, and UTC timing information. This option also enhances frequency reference oscillator accuracy in the spectrum analyzer mode. When GPS is actively locked to satellites, this information is saved with all saved measurements and can be displayed with Master Software Tools. No accuracy specifications apply if no GPS satellites are acquired.

Note

The Spectrum Master Technical Data Sheet provides a list of the options and measurements that require GPS. In addition to having Option 31 installed, a GPS antenna is required. Refer to the instrument Technical Data Sheet for compatible GPS antennas.

6-2 Activating the GPS Feature

Attach the GPS antenna to the GPS Antenna connector on the top of the instrument.

- 1. Press the **Shift** key, then the **System** (8) key on the numeric keypad to display the System menu.
- 2. Press the GPS submenu key.
- **3.** Activate GPS by pressing the GPS On/Off submenu key so that On is underlined. When GPS is first turned On, the GPS icon is displayed in red to indicate that fewer than four satellites are currently being tracked.



Figure 6-1. GPS lcon, Red

4. When the GPS receiver is tracking at least four satellites, the GPS icon changes to green. Latitude and longitude information is displayed in the title bar at the top of the display. Acquiring satellites may take as long as three minutes.



Figure 6-2. GPS Icon, Green

- 5. Press the GPS Info submenu key to display the following information:
 - Tracked satellites
 - Latitude and longitude
 - Altitude
 - UTC timing information
 - Fix available
 - Almanac complete
 - Antenna and receiver status
 - GPS antenna voltage and current

Refer to "GPS Menu" on page 6-4 for details on the above GPS Info items.

After GPS location fix is attained, the internal reference oscillator begins to correct its frequency to match the GPS standard. After the internal frequency is adjusted to match the GPS standard, the status is indicated by "GPS High Accuracy" showing in the Status menu, which is displayed on the left side of the measurement display. When the GPS feature is not enabled, the reference source displays either "Internal Standard Accuracy" or a user-selected external reference frequency in the Status menu.

Within three minutes of satellite acquisition, the reference oscillator will have an accuracy of better than 25 ppb (parts per billion). The OCXO internal standard accuracy is ± 0.3 PPM. The correction factor applied to the internal OCXO allows the instrument to maintain GPS frequency accuracy for three days at better than 50 ppb, even when the instrument is obstructed from receiving signals from the GPS satellites.

In order to acquire data from the GPS satellites, you must have line-of-sight to the satellites, or the antenna must be placed outside with no obstructions.

If no GPS is connected for at least three days, the Frequency Reference annotation reads Int Std Accy.

When GPS is connected, with a fix, and the tuning process has completed (which may take a few minutes), the Frequency Reference annotation shows GPS Hi Accy. If GPS is subsequently lost (for example, GPS is turned off, disconnected, or there is no signal due to physical obstruction), the instrument goes back to Int Hi Accy after a few moments. If GPS remains disconnected for three consecutive days, whether the instrument is on or off, the instrument reverts to Int Std Accy.

6-3 Resetting GPS

To reset the GPS, press the **Reset** submenu key. The green GPS icon shows a red cross mark when satellite tracking is lost after tracking four or more satellites. The GPS latitude and longitude are saved in the instrument memory until the Spectrum Master is turned off or until GPS is turned off by using the GPS On/Off key.



Figure 6-3. GPS Icon, Tracking Lost

6-4 Saving and Recalling Traces with GPS Information

Saving Traces with GPS Information

The GPS coordinates of a location can be saved along with a measurement trace. Refer to "Save Menu" on page 4-10 for more information. The current GPS coordinates will be saved with the measurement traces whenever GPS is on and actively tracking satellites.

Recalling GPS Information

If the GPS coordinates were saved with a measurement, the coordinates will be recalled when the measurement is recalled. Refer to "Recall Menu" on page 4-13 for more information on recalling a saved trace.

6-5 GPS Menu

Key Sequence: Shift, System (8) > GPS

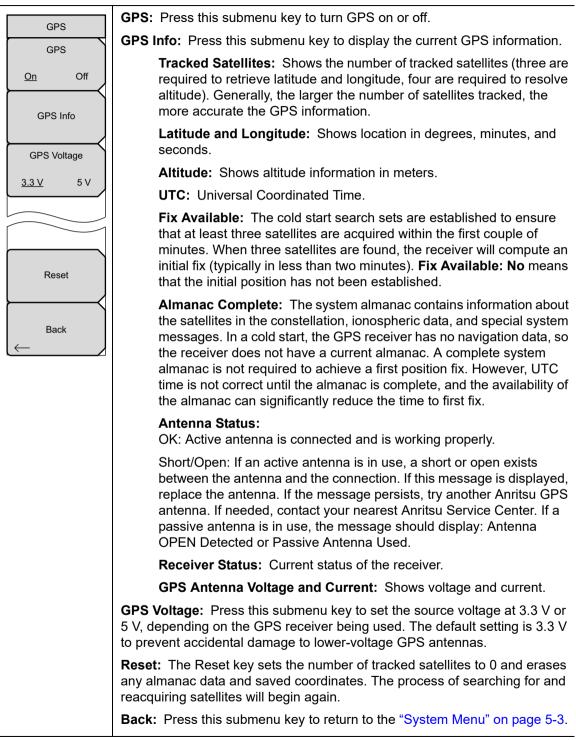


Figure 6-4. GPS Menu

Chapter 7 — Anritsu Tool Box

7-1 Introduction

The Anritsu Tool Box is a suite of applications that provide an interface between Anritsu handheld RF instruments and a PC. The instrument connects to the computer via a USB or serial port. Depending on the application selected, available functions include the capture, transfer, and reporting of measurement data for trace analysis and RF interference analysis.

Tool Box applications are available for download from the Anritsu website at anritsu.com/en-US/test-measurement/support/technical-support/handheld-tools-tool-box. Click the link to one of the Tool Box applications, then click Downloads and choose either the Full Installer or Web Installer. There is no difference between the two if you run the installer without saving. If you elect to save, the Full Installer will download all Anritsu software needed in a single executable file, which allows you to perform the installation later on a computer with no Internet access required. The Web Installer is a much smaller file that will require Internet access to execute the software installation.

7-2 Software Installation

Whether running the installer directly or executing the saved file, follow the instructions on screen. The Setup screen illustrated in Figure 7-1 may change with the software version.

You will be asked to select which applications you wish to install. Not all instrument models are supported by every software tool. To view the list of instrument models supported by a Tool Box application, click the Instruments tab on the application Web page.



Figure 7-1. Anritsu Tool Box Setup Wizard

7-3 Anritsu Software Tool Box

The Anritsu Tool Box serves as a central location from which you can open a previously saved measurement, visit the Anritsu website, or launch an application. To open the Tool Box, either double-click the desktop shortcut or select Anritsu Tool Box from the Windows Start menu. On the Tool Box screen, hover the mouse pointer over any of the application icons to view a short description of the application. See Figure 7-2.

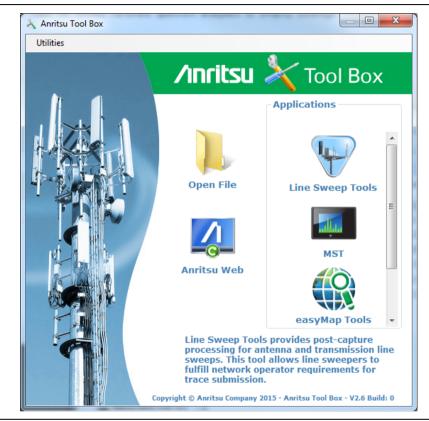


Figure 7-2. Anritsu Tool Box Screen

7-4 Software Tools

The Anritsu Tool Box provides links to the software tools installed on your PC. Alternatively, you can launch an application using its desktop shortcut or through the Windows Start menu.

The following sections list the top features and functions of the tools contained in the Anritsu Tool Box that are compatible with this instrument model. For a detailed description of these features and how to perform specific tasks, refer to each application's Help system. The program Help also lists the instrument models, measurement modes, trace types, and file types that are compatible with that application.

Line Sweep Tools (LST)

Line Sweep Tools is post-capture trace processing software designed for users who need to analyze and generate reports on large numbers of cable, antenna, and PIM traces. Software features include:

- Measurement plot data capture and transfer from the instrument to a PC
- Marker and limit line presets
- Return Loss, Distance-to-Fault, PIM analysis
- LMR Master and VNA Master Field Mode compatibility
- Plot overlay for comparison of up to ten traces of the same measurement type
- Plot area zooming
- A naming grid for renaming files, titles, and subtitles
- Automated report generation
- Output to printer or to PDF or HTML format
- Export of plot data to text, image, or VNA files

Master Software Tools (MST)

Master Software Tools is designed for users of Anritsu handheld spectrum analyzers, interference analysis tools, transmission testers, and backhaul testers. Supported functions include the following:

- Transfer of captured measurement data to and from a PC for storage and analysis
- RF Spectrum Analyzer traces
- RF Interference analysis
- Spectrum monitoring
- Transmitter signal quality tests
- T1, T3, and E1 backhaul tests
- Trace overlay features for comparing multiple Spectrum Analyzer measurements
- Limit lines and markers
- Script Master for the creation of automated test procedures
- Export of measurement data as text, graphic, or Comma Separated Value format (CSV) files
- Reports created in HTML format for use in other applications

easyTest Tools

easyTest Tools is used to create work instruction files that consist of a command sequence and intructions to help less experienced personnel with operating the instrument in the field.

- A drag-and-drop tool facilitates the creation of a test sequence from a library of commands.
- Instructions can be a mix of textual prompts and graphic images.
- Sample procedure files (.ett) are included with easyTest Tools.
- Command sequences are delivered electronically and loaded on the instrument, where they are recalled with a press of a button.
- Recall Setup places the instrument in the proper mode for the measurement by retrieving saved parameters such as measurement type, frequency and amplitude settings, markers and limit lines.
- The current measurement setup or the screen display can be saved manually or automatically.

Appendix A — Measurement Guides

A-1 Introduction

This appendix provides a list of supplemental documentation for Spectrum Master features and options. These manuals are available as PDF files on the Anritsu website.

Table A-1.	Analyzers and Analyzer Options
------------	--------------------------------

Spectrum Master Feature (Required Option)	Related Document (Part Number)
All Spectrum Master Instruments	Important Product Information, Compliance and Safety Notices (10100-00065)
Spectrum Analyzer	
PIM Hunting	Spectrum Analyzer
Preamplifier (Option 8)	Measurement Guide
Interference Analyzer (Option 25)	(10580-00349)
Channel Scanner (Option 27)	for <i>Firmware AFTER</i>
EMF Measurements (Option 444)	V1.11
AM/FM/PM Analyzer (Option 509)	
High-Accuracy Power Meter (0019)	Power Meter
Power Meter (Option 29)	Measurement Guide (10580-00240)
EMF Measurements (Option 444)	EMF Measurement Guide (10580-00455)
Performance Specifications	Spectrum Master Technical Data Sheet (11410-00597)
Tracking Generator (Option 20)	E-Series Tracking Generator Measurement Guide (10580-00339)
SCPI Programming Instruction	Spectrum Master Programming Manual (10580-00256)
Maintenance Manual	Spectrum Master Maintenance Manual (10580-00254)

A complete suite of PC Tools for Anritsu Handheld RF Instruments is available for download at anritsu.com/en-US/test-measurement/support/technical-support/handheld-tools-tool-box.

Appendix B — Glossary of Terms

B-1 Introduction

The following terms are related to this product and technology.

B-2 Glossary

3 dB rule : The 3 dB rule provides a means to estimate relative power values. A 3 dB gain indicates that power increases to twice the power (a multiple of 2). A 3 dB loss indicates that power decreases to half the power (a multiple of 1/2). A system with 40 watts of input power and a 6 dB insertion loss will have only 10†watts of output power (a multiple of 1/2 for each 3 dB loss, or 1/4 of 40 watts).

Adapter : A fitting that supplies a passage between two sets of equipment when they cannot be directly interconnected.

Adaptive Array

Antenna : Adaptive array antenna is a type of advanced 'smart' antenna technology that continually monitors a received signal and dynamically adapts signal patterns to optimize wireless system performance. The arrays use signal processing algorithms to adapt to user movement, to changes in the radio-frequency environment, and to multi-path and co-channel interference.

- ADC : Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC, A/D or A to D) is an electronic device that converts continuous signals to discrete digital numbers. The reverse operation is performed by a digital-to-analog converter (DAC). ADC can uniquely represent all analog input values within a specified total input range by a limited number of digital output codes. Refer also to DAC.
- Analog System : An Analog system uses an analog transmission method to send voice, video and data-using analog signals, such as electricity or sound waves, that are continuously variable rather than discreet units as in digital transmissions. Mobile analog systems include AMPS, NMT and ETACS.

Analog

Transmission : Analog Transmission refers to signals propagated through the medium as continuously varying electromagnetic waves.

Antenna :	Antenna is a device which radiates and/or receives radio signals, including RF, microwave, and RADAR.
Antenna beamwidth :	Antenna beamwidth, also known as the half-power beamwidth, is the angle of an antenna pattern or beam over which the relative power is at or above 50% of the peak power.
Antenna Directivity :	Antenna directivity, also known as antenna gain, is the relative gain of the main beam of an antenna pattern to a reference antenna, usually an isotropic or standard dipole. Antenna Directivity is the percentage of radiated signal transmitted or received in a given direction related to beamwidth.
Antenna Efficiency :	Antenna Efficiency is the percentage of theoretical gain actually realized from an antenna.
Antenna Gain :	Antenna gain, also known as antenna directivity, is the relative gain of the main beam of an antenna pattern to a reference antenna, usually an isotropic or standard dipole. Antenna Gain is the effectiveness of a directional antenna expressed as the ratio of input power of the directional antenna to input power of an isotropic radiator to provide the same field strength in the desired direction. Sometimes related to a dipole antenna.
Antenna, Isotropic :	An isotropic antenna is a theoretical point source radiating a spherical power envelope.
Antenna, Parabolic :	A parabolic antenna is an antenna utilizing a reflector that is shaped as a paraboloid in order to both concentrate the radiated signal into a beam and to provide considerable gain. Beamwidth varies inversely and gain varies directly with the size of the antenna and with frequency.
Attenuation :	Attenuation refers to decreasing in signal magnitude between two points. These points may be along a radio path, transmission line or other devices.
Attenuator :	Attenuator is a device specifically designed to decrease the magnitude of a signal transmitted through it.

- Average power : Average power is the peak power averaged over time and is usually applied to pulsed systems where the carrier power is switched on and off.
 - Backhaul : In wireless technology, backhaul refers to transporting voice and data traffic from a cell site to the switch.
- Band Pass Filter : A Band Pass Filter is a radio wave filter with a specific range of frequencies in which it is designed to pass. It rejects frequencies outside the pass-band range. A resistor-inductor-capacitor circuit is an example of a Band Pass Filter.
 - Bandwidth : Bandwidth usually identifies the capacity of a circuit or amount of data that can be sent through a given circuit. It may be user-specified in a PVC. It is an indication of the amount of data that is passing over a medium. Also, bandwidth is the portion of the frequency spectrum required to transmit desired information. Each radio channel has a center frequency and additional frequencies above and below this carrier frequency which is used to carry the transmitted information. The range of frequencies from the lowest to the highest used is called the bandwidth.
 - BER : Bit Error Rate or Bit Error Ratio (link quality specification/testing) (BER) is a measure of transmission quality. The ratio of error bits to the total number of bits transmitted. A bit error rate of 10-6 refers to an average of one error per million bits. It is generally shown as a negative exponent, (for example, 10-7 which means 1 out of 107 bits are in error or 1 out of 10,000,000 bits are in error). Bit Error Rate is the fraction of a sequence of message bits that are in error.
 - BERT : Bit Error Rate Test/Tester (BERT) is a test that gauges the quality of the T1 or digital line. By sending a known pattern to another device across the span, the far end device can compare incoming pattern to its own, thereby indicating bit errors on the line.
 - **Broadband** : Broadband refers to telecommunication that provides multiple channels of data over a single communications medium, typically using some form of frequency or wave division multiplexing. It is a service or system requiring transmission channels capable of supporting rates greater than the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) primary rate.

- **Cell Site** : Cell Site, also called Base Station, is the local cellular tower and radio antenna (including the radios, controller, switch interconnect, etc.) that handles communication with subscribers in a particular area or cell. A cellular network is made up of many cell sites, all connected back to the switch via landline or microwave.
- Coaxial Cable : Coaxial Cable (Coax) is a type of electrical communications medium used in the LAN environment. This cable consists of an outer conductor concentric to an inner conductor, separated from each other by insulating material, and covered by some protective outer material. This medium offers large bandwidth, supporting high data rates with high immunity to electrical interference and a low incidence of errors. Coax is subject to distance limitations and is relatively expensive and difficult to install.
 - CPRI: The Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI) is a protocol standard for wireless communications that defines the digital interface of radio base stations between remote radio heads, also referred to as Radio Equipment (RE), and the Radio Equipment Controller (REC).
 - CW: Continuous Wave (CW)
 - DANL: Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL): Displayed average noise level is sometimes confused with the term Sensitivity. While related, these terms have different meanings. Sensitivity is a measure of the minimum signal level that yields a defined signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) or bit error rate (BER). It is a common metric of radio receiver performance. Spectrum analyzer specifications are always given in terms of the DANL. One of the primary uses of a spectrum analyzer is to search out and measure low-level signals. The limitation in these measurements is the noise generated within the spectrum analyzer itself. This noise, generated by the random electron motion in various circuit elements, is amplified by multiple gain stages in the analyzer and appears on the display as a noise signal. On a spectrum analyzer, this noise is commonly referred to as the Displayed Average Noise Level, or DANL 1. While there are techniques to measure signals slightly below the DANL, this noise power ultimately limits our ability to make measurements of low-level signals.

- dB: Decibel or deciBel (dB) is a logarithmic ratio of the difference between two values (a logarithm ratio is equal to 10 times). dB is a unit for measuring relative power ratios in terms of gain or loss. The units of dB are expressed in terms of the logarithm to base 10 of a ratio and typically are expressed in watts. For example, a -3 dB loss indicates a 50% loss in power; a +3 dB reading is a doubling of power; 10 dB indicates an increase (or a loss) by a factor of 10; 20 dB indicates an increase (or a loss) of a factor of 100; 30 dB indicates an increase (or a loss) by a factor of dB expressed in ratios: 0 dB = 1:1, 10 dB = 10:1, 20 dB = 100:1, 30 dB = 1000:1, -30 dB = 0.001:1 [or (1/1000):1].
- dBc: Decibels referenced to the carrier (dBc) is a technique for expressing a power measurement in logarithmic form using the carrier power as a reference. The units are used to describe how far down signals and noise are relative to a known signal. Typical use of this term is to describe spurious signals and noise compared to a desired transmit signal.
- dBm : dBm is an absolute measurement of power relative to 1 milliwatt. In other words, dBm is a decibel value referenced to a milliWatt (dBm). This is a technique for expressing a power measurement in logarithmic form using 1 mW as a reference. dBm is a decibel ratio (log 10) of Watts (W) to one milliwatt (1mW). dBm, therefore, represents absolute power. Examples are: 0 dBm = 1.0 milliwatt, 10 dBm = 10 milliwatt, 30 dBm = 1000 milliwatt = 1 watt.
- DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
 - DSP: Digital Signal Processing (DSP)
 - EMI: ElectroMagnetic Interface (EMI): EMI refers to signals that are generated and radiated by an electronic device and that cause interference with radio communications, among other effects. MI is the interference by electromagnetic signals that can cause reduced data integrity and increased error rates on transmission channels.
 - FFT: Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) is an efficient algorithm to compute the Discrete Fourier transform (DFT) and its inverse. FFTs are of great importance to a wide variety of applications, from digital signal processing to solving partial differential equations to algorithms for quickly multiplying large integers.

- Flash Memory : Flash memory is a non-volatile solid state storage device that is packaged as a chip. It can be electrically erased and reprogrammed. It is primarily used in memory cards, USB flash drives, MP3 players, and solid-state drives for general storage and transfer of data between computers and other digital products. It is a specific type of EEPROM (electrically erasable programmable read-only memory) that is erased and programmed in large blocks.
 - Gain: Gain refers to the ratio of the output amplitude of a signal to the input amplitude of the signal. This ratio typically is expressed in dB. He higher the gain, the better the antenna receives or transmits, but also the more noise it includes.
 - GPS: The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a space-based global navigation satellite system (GNSS) that provides reliable location and time information in all weather and at all times when and where an unobstructed line of sight is available to four or more GPS satellites. The system is maintained by the United States government and is freely accessible by anyone with a GPS receiver. The Global Positioning System is making it possible for people using ground receivers to determine their geographic location within 10 meters to 100 meters. The satellites use simple mathematical calculations to broadcast information that is translated as longitude, latitude, and altitude by Earth-based receivers.
 - Impedance : Impedance is a measure of RF component electrical resistance, measured in ohms. In most cable and antenna systems, the standard impedance is 50 ohms.
- Insertion Loss : Insertion Loss (or Cable Loss) is a measure of the total amount of signal energy absorbed (lost) by the cable assembly. It is measured in dB. S21 (an S-Parameter) is another name for this measurement.
 - IP Address : An Internet Protocol address (IP address) is usually a numerical label that is assigned to each device (computer or printer for example) that is participating in a computer network that uses the Internet Protocol for communication. An IP address serves two main functions: location addressing and host (or network) interface identification. The Internet Protocol originally defined an IP address as a 32-bit number. This was known as Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4), which is still in use. Growth of the Internet requires a new addressing system. An Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) that uses 128 bits for the address was developed in 1995, and it is standardized as RFC 2460. IPv6 began being deployed worldwide in the year 2000. IP adresses are binary

numbers, but they are usually stored in text files and displayed in human-readable notations, such as decimal nnn.nnn.nnn or 172.16.255.1 (for IPv4), and hexadecimal nnnn.nnnn.nnnn.nnnn.nnnn.nnnn or 2C01:AB18:0:1234:FF03:567C:8:1 (for IPv6). In IPv4, each decimal group (nnn) represents values from 000 to 255, or binary values of 8 bits. In IPv6, each hexadecimal group (nnnn) represents values from 0000 to FFFF, or binary values of 16 bits (0000 0000 0000 0000 to 1111 1111 1111 1111).

- IPv6: Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) is a numerical label that is used to identify a network interface of a computer or other network node participating in an IPV6-enabled computer network. IPv6 uses 128 bits for the address (as compared to an IPv4 address, which is defined as a 32-bit number). Pv6 was developed in 1995, and it is standardized as RFC 2460. V6 began being deployed worldwide in the year 2000. I addresses are binary numbers, but they are usually stored in text files and displayed in human-readable notations, such as hexadecimal nnnn.nnnn.nnnn.nnnn.nnnn.nnnn or 2C01:AB18:0:1234:FF03:567C:8:1 (where FFFF [Hex] = 65535 [Dec]). Ea hexadecimal group (nnnn) represents values from 0000 to†FFFF, or binary values of 16 bits (0000 0000 0000 0000 to 1111 1111 1111).
 - NF: Noise Figure (NF) is a measure of degradation of the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) that is caused by components in a radio frequency (RF) device. The noise factor (F) of a system is defined as the signal-to-noise ratio of the input power of the system divided by the signal-to-noise ratio of the output power of that system. F (the noise figure) is defined as the decibel value of the noise factor. NF = 10log (F) where log uses the base 10, or common log. This formula is valid only then the input termination is at standard noise temperature.
- OBSAI: The Open Base Station Architecture Initiative (OBSAI) specifications define a set of requirements for a wireless base transceiver station (BTS). Reference Point 3 (RP3) within the OBSAI specifications defines the digital interface between the Base Band Module (BBM) and the Radio Frequency Module (RFM). This is an alternative to the traditional Radio Frequency (RF) coaxial connection, or the CPRI digital interface.
 - OBW : Occupied Bandwidth (OBW) is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99% of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum, centered on the assigned channel frequency. Interference to other channels or to other systems can occur if OBW is too large.

- OTA : Over The Air (OTA): OTA refers generally to any transfer of information or signal that takes place in a wireless environment, rather than using a wired connection. OTA is usually used in connection with a standard defining the provisioning of mobile devices and applications, such as downloading or uploading content or software, and commonly used in conjunction with the Short Messaging Service (SMS). SMS OTA Messages contain information that is used to configure the settings of a WAP browser in a mobile phone (refer to SMS and WAP).
- Return Loss : Return Loss is a measurement (in dB) of reflected energy caused by impedance mismatch. May also be referred to as S11. Although S11 values are expressed as negative numbers, Return Loss values are expressed as positive numbers because by definition the iLossî expression implies a negative sign. The higher the value, the better the impedance match (think of a large negative number being less than a smaller negative number). 40 dB is nearly ideal. Only 0.01 % of the total transmitted power is reflected if the Return Loss measurement value is 40 dB. A measured value of 0 dB would be a complete reflection, or stated another way, 100 % of the transmitted power is reflected back. Return Loss is typically a pass/fail measurement.
 - RF: Radio Frequency (RF) is the frequency of radio sine waves. RF generally refers to wireless communications within a frequency range of 3 kHz to 300 GHz. Formally, according to the Article 2 of the Radio Law, radio frequency is below 3,000 GHz. Radio frequencies can be used for communications between a mobile telephone and an antenna mast.
 - SCPI: Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI)
 - Watt: Watt (W) is a unit of measure for power.

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